



SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

Invesco India Multi Asset Allocation Fund

(An open ended scheme investing in Equity, Debt, Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> capital appreciation/income over long term investment in diversified portfolio of instruments across multiple asset classes. <p>*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.</p>	 <p>Investors understand that their principal will be at Very High Risk</p>	<p>Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%)</p>  <p>Benchmark riskometer is at Very High Risk</p>

Offer for Units of Rs.10/- each for cash during the New Fund Offer Period and Continuous Offer for Units at NAV based prices.

New Fund Offer Opens on: November 27, 2024

New Fund Offer Closes on: December 11, 2024

Scheme re-opens on: Within 5 business days from the date of allotment

Name of the Mutual Fund	Invesco Mutual Fund
Name of the Asset Management Company	Invesco Asset Management (India) Private Limited
Name of the Trustee Company	Invesco Trustee Private Limited
Address	2101-A, 21 st Floor, A Wing, Marathon Futurex, N.M. Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013.
Name of the Sponsor	Invesco Hong Kong Limited
Website	www.invescomutualfund.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Invesco Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.invescomutualfund.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website (www.invescomutualfund.com).

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated October 28, 2024.

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SECTION I

PART I - HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description				
I.	Name of the Scheme	Invesco India Multi Asset Allocation Fund				
II.	Category of the Scheme	Multi Asset Allocation				
III.	Scheme type	An open ended scheme investing in Equity, Debt, Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs				
IV.	Scheme Code	INVM/O/H/MAA/24/09/0047				
V.	Investment Objective	To generate long-term capital appreciation/income from an actively managed portfolio of multiple asset classes. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.				
VI.	Liquidity	The Scheme will offer Units for purchase and redemption at Applicable NAV on all Business Days on an ongoing basis commencing not later than 5 Business Days from the date of allotment. Under normal circumstances, the AMC will transfer / dispatch redemption or repurchase proceeds within 3 Business Days from the date of acceptance of redemption or repurchase requests at the Official Points of Acceptance. However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide it's letter no. AMFI/35P/MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.				
VII.	Benchmark	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Benchmark Index</th> <th>Justification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%)</td> <td>Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%) is currently selected as the First tier Benchmark from the list of benchmarks circulated by AMFI to be used by AMCs as a First Tier Benchmark, pursuant to para 1.9 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on 'Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes'. About the Benchmark: Nifty 200 - The Nifty 200 Index is designed to reflect the behaviour and performance of the large and midmarket capitalization companies. Nifty 200 includes all companies forming part of Nifty 100 and Nifty Midcap 100 Index. CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index - CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index seeks to track the performance of the 10 year benchmark government security. Domestic Price of Gold - The Scheme will invest in Gold ETFs which is benchmarked against the domestic price of gold. Domestic Price of Silver - The Scheme aims to invest in Silver ETFs which is benchmarked against the domestic price of silver.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Benchmark Index	Justification	Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%)	Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%) is currently selected as the First tier Benchmark from the list of benchmarks circulated by AMFI to be used by AMCs as a First Tier Benchmark, pursuant to para 1.9 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on 'Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes'. About the Benchmark: Nifty 200 - The Nifty 200 Index is designed to reflect the behaviour and performance of the large and midmarket capitalization companies. Nifty 200 includes all companies forming part of Nifty 100 and Nifty Midcap 100 Index. CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index - CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index seeks to track the performance of the 10 year benchmark government security. Domestic Price of Gold - The Scheme will invest in Gold ETFs which is benchmarked against the domestic price of gold. Domestic Price of Silver - The Scheme aims to invest in Silver ETFs which is benchmarked against the domestic price of silver.
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VIII.	NAV Disclosure	The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme within 5 (five) Business Days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the AMC will calculate the NAVs on daily basis and predominantly disclose the NAVs under a separate headings on the website of the Fund				

Sr. No.	Title	Description																
		<p>(www.invescomutualfund.com) and on AMFI website (www.amfindia.com) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day.</p> <p>For more details on NAV disclosure, refer to details in Section II.</p>																
IX.	Applicable timelines	<p>The applicable timelines for dispatch / transfer of redemption proceeds and IDCW are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dispatch / Transfer of redemption proceeds: within 3 working days from the date of acceptance of redemption or repurchase requests at the Official Points of Acceptance. • Dispatch / Transfer of IDCW: within 7 working days from record date. 																
X.	Plans and Options Plans / Options and sub options under the Scheme	<p>Plans / Options / Sub-Options:</p> <p>The details of Plan, Option and Sub-options are as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Plan</th> <th>Options</th> <th>Sub-options</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular • Direct </td> <td>Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW)</td> <td>Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option ('IDCW Reinvestment')</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Growth</td> <td>Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option 'IDCW Payout')</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>If IDCW payable under IDCW Payout option is equal to or less than Rs. 100/-, then the IDCW would be compulsorily reinvested in the respective plan/option of the Scheme.</p> <p>Default option / facility:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name of the option</th> <th>Default[^]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Growth / IDCW</td> <td>Growth</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDCW Reinvestment/ IDCW Payout</td> <td>IDCW Reinvestment</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>[^]The above details of default option are also applicable to Direct Plan offered under the Scheme.</p> <p>For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI.</p>	Plan	Options	Sub-options	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular • Direct 	Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW)	Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option ('IDCW Reinvestment')	Growth	Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option 'IDCW Payout')		Nil	Name of the option	Default [^]	Growth / IDCW	Growth	IDCW Reinvestment/ IDCW Payout	IDCW Reinvestment
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XI.	Load Structure	<p>Exit Load[^]:</p> <p>For each purchase of units through Lumpsum / switch-in / Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and IDCW Transfer Plan, exit load will be as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • if upto 10% of Units allotted are redeemed / switched-out within 1 year: Nil • for any redemption / switch-out in excess of 10% of units within one year: 1% • if units are redeemed or switched-out after 1 year: Nil • Switch between the Plans under the Scheme: Nil <p>[^]Exit Load charged, if any, will be credited back to the scheme, net of Goods and Services Tax</p> <p>For more details on Load Structure, refer to the section 'Load Structure'.</p>																
XII.	Minimum Application Amount / switch-in	<p>During NFO and ongoing basis:</p> <p>For Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- per application and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p> <p>For Switch-in - Rs. 1,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 0.01/- thereafter.</p>																
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	<p>For Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- per application and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p> <p>For Switch-in - Rs. 1,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 0.01/- thereafter.</p>																
XIV.	Minimum Redemption / switch-out amount	Rs. 1,000/- or 0.001 unit or account balance whichever is lower																

Sr. No.	Title	Description				
XV.	New Fund Offer Period	NFO opens on: November 27, 2024 NFO closes on: December 11, 2024 The NFO will be open for 15 days. Any changes in dates will be published through notice on AMC website i.e. www.invescomutualfund.com .				
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price	Rs. 10/- price per unit				
XVII.	Segregated portfolio / side pocketing disclosure	The Scheme contains enabling provisions for creation of segregated portfolio. For Details, kindly refer SAI.				
XVIII.	Stock lending / short selling	The Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. For Details, kindly refer SAI.				
XIX.	How to Apply and other details	Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.invescomutualfund.com . The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well. Application form duly filled and signed should be submitted at the OPA / ISC. The list of OPA / ISCs are available on our website. For further details, please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.				
XX.	Investor services	<p>Contact details for general service requests:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>For AMC</th> <th>For RTA</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. 2101-A, A Wing, 21st Floor, Marathon Futurex, N. M. Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013 Tel: +91 22 67310000 Fax: +91 22 23019422 E-mail: mfservices@invesco.com</td> <td>KFin Technologies Ltd. Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot No 31 & 32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad - 500 032 Tel No.: 1800 309 4034 E-mail: investorsupport.mfs@kfintech.com</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Contact details for complaint resolution: Investors can contact at the addresses given above for complaint resolution. They can also address their complaints to Mr. Surinder Singh Negi - Director & Head - Operations and Customer Services at the address of AMC given above.</p> <p>Further, investors may also approach SEBI for redressal of their complaints / grievances. Investors may lodge their complaints through SCORES (SEBI Complaints Redress System - https://scores.sebi.gov.in) or Online Dispute Resolution Portal (“ODR Portal”) (https://smartodr.in/login) to resolve the grievances through online conciliation and online arbitration. For details, please refer to SAI.</p>	For AMC	For RTA	Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. 2101-A, A Wing, 21 st Floor, Marathon Futurex, N. M. Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013 Tel: +91 22 67310000 Fax: +91 22 23019422 E-mail: mfservices@invesco.com	KFin Technologies Ltd. Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot No 31 & 32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad - 500 032 Tel No.: 1800 309 4034 E-mail: investorsupport.mfs@kfintech.com
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XXI.	Special product facility available	<p>The Special products / facilities available during NFO and Ongoing basis in the Scheme are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Systematic Investment Plan (‘SIP’) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Top up facility <p>During New Fund Offer Period, the Scheme offers SIP (through Direct Debit / NACH instructions) and Online/Internet Systematic Investment Plan (‘ISIP’) facility.</p> <p>In case the Unit holder invests through SIP during the New Fund Offer Period, he / she should give one cheque for the first installment and Direct debit / NACH instruction for remaining installments. The date of first cheque should be the date of submission of application (no post-dated cheque will be accepted). The second installment will be processed after 30 days</p>				

Sr. No.	Title	Description
		<p>from the date of closure of NFO in case of monthly frequency and in the month of January 2025 in case of Quarterly frequency as indicated by the investor.</p> <p>2. Systematic Transfer Plan (‘STP’)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Fixed STP b. Flex STP c. Appreciation STP <p>STP facility is offered during NFO with the first STP being processed on or after December 26, 2024 as per the STP frequency/date opted by the investor. STP facility during NFO is not available on Stock Exchange Platforms and other Digital Platforms.</p> <p>Note: The Scheme will act as Target Scheme for Fixed STP and as Source Scheme for Fixed, Flex and Appreciation STP.</p> <p>3. Transfer of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (‘IDCW Transfer Plan’)</p> <p>Note: The Scheme will act as Source as well as Target Scheme.</p> <p>4. ASBA Facility: The Mutual Fund offers ASBA facility during the NFO of the Scheme. ASBA is an application containing an authorization given by the investor to block the application money in his specified bank account towards the subscription of Units offered during NFO of Scheme. If an investor is applying through ASBA facility, the application money towards the subscription of Units shall be debited from his specified bank account only if his/ her application is selected for allotment of Units. For other terms and conditions, please refer SAI.</p> <p>5. Online/Internet Systematic Investment Plan (‘ISIP’) facility</p> <p>6. Inter - Scheme Switching</p> <p>7. Application via electronic mode</p> <p>8. Purchase/ SIP / Switch of units through Stock Exchange Infrastructure</p> <p>9. Transaction through electronic platform</p> <p>10. National Automated Clearing House (‘NACH’) facility</p> <p>Note: During NFO, switch request from Invesco India - Invesco Global Equity Income Fund of Fund, Invesco India - Invesco Pan European Equity Fund of Fund, Invesco India - Invesco Global Consumer Trends Fund of Fund and Invesco India - Invesco EQQQ NASDAQ-100 ETF Fund of Fund to Invesco India Multi Asset Allocation Fund will not be accepted.</p> <p>The following facilities are available only during Ongoing basis:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. Systematic Investment Plan (‘SIP’) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Pause facility b. Modify facility 12. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (‘SWP’) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Fixed Option b. Appreciation Option 13. Event Trigger Plan (‘ETP’) 14. Redemption of units through Stock Exchange Infrastructure

Sr. No.	Title	Description																																																					
		<p>15. Intra - Scheme Switching</p> <p>The details of Frequency, Minimum amount and multiples, Minimum No. of Instalments and Dates for SIP, STP and SWP are as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="500 352 1479 1289"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="505 359 659 443">Special Product / facilities</th> <th data-bbox="659 359 800 443">Frequency</th> <th data-bbox="800 359 1117 443">Minimum Amount and in multiples</th> <th data-bbox="1117 359 1268 443">Minimum Instalments</th> <th data-bbox="1268 359 1474 443">Dates</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="505 443 659 617" rowspan="3">SIP</td> <td data-bbox="659 443 800 485">Monthly</td> <td data-bbox="800 443 1117 485">Rs. 500 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 443 1268 485">12</td> <td data-bbox="1268 443 1474 617" rowspan="3">Any date except 29th, 30th or 31st of the month</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 485 800 548">Monthly</td> <td data-bbox="800 485 1117 548">Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 485 1268 548">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 548 800 617">Quarterly</td> <td data-bbox="800 548 1117 617">Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 548 1268 617">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="505 617 659 995" rowspan="4">Fixed STP</td> <td data-bbox="659 617 800 821">Daily</td> <td data-bbox="800 617 1117 821">Rs. 500 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 617 1268 821">12</td> <td data-bbox="1268 617 1474 821">The instalment will be processed only if it is a Business Day for source scheme as well as target scheme</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 821 800 863">Weekly</td> <td data-bbox="800 821 1117 863" rowspan="2">Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 821 1268 863" rowspan="2">6</td> <td data-bbox="1268 821 1474 863">Monday to Friday</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 863 800 905">Fortnightly</td> <td data-bbox="1268 863 1474 905">1st and 16th of each month</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 905 800 947">Monthly</td> <td data-bbox="800 905 1117 947" rowspan="2">Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 905 1268 947" rowspan="2">4</td> <td data-bbox="1268 905 1474 947">Any date choice</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 947 800 995">Quarterly</td> <td data-bbox="1268 947 1474 995">except 29th, 30th & 31st</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="505 995 659 1108" rowspan="2">Flex STP & Appreciation STP</td> <td data-bbox="659 995 800 1037">Monthly</td> <td data-bbox="800 995 1117 1037">Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 995 1268 1037">6</td> <td data-bbox="1268 995 1474 1108" rowspan="2">Any date choice except 29th, 30th & 31st</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 1037 800 1108">Quarterly</td> <td data-bbox="800 1037 1117 1108">Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 1037 1268 1108">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="505 1108 659 1289" rowspan="3">SWP</td> <td data-bbox="659 1108 800 1171">Weekly</td> <td data-bbox="800 1108 1117 1171">Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 1108 1268 1171">6</td> <td data-bbox="1268 1108 1474 1171">First business day of the week</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 1171 800 1234">Monthly</td> <td data-bbox="800 1171 1117 1234">Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 1171 1268 1234">6</td> <td data-bbox="1268 1171 1474 1289" rowspan="2">3rd, 10th, 15th, 20th or 25th of each month /quarter</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="659 1234 800 1289">Quarterly</td> <td data-bbox="800 1234 1117 1289">Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1</td> <td data-bbox="1117 1234 1268 1289">4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="500 1318 1230 1346">For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly refer SAI.</p>	Special Product / facilities	Frequency	Minimum Amount and in multiples	Minimum Instalments	Dates	SIP	Monthly	Rs. 500 and in multiple of Re. 1	12	Any date except 29 th , 30 th or 31 st of the month	Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	Quarterly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1	4	Fixed STP	Daily	Rs. 500 and in multiple of Re. 1	12	The instalment will be processed only if it is a Business Day for source scheme as well as target scheme	Weekly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	Monday to Friday	Fortnightly	1 st and 16 th of each month	Monthly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1	4	Any date choice	Quarterly	except 29 th , 30 th & 31 st	Flex STP & Appreciation STP	Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	Any date choice except 29 th , 30 th & 31 st	Quarterly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1	4	SWP	Weekly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	First business day of the week	Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	3 rd , 10 th , 15 th , 20 th or 25 th of each month /quarter	Quarterly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1	4
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XXII.	Weblink	<p>The Scheme is a new scheme, and the below details will be available after the Scheme is constituted.</p> <p>TER for last six months and Daily TER - https://invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Statutory&active=ExpenseRatioDisclosure</p> <p>Factsheet - https://invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Factsheets</p>																																																					

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf were complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) The AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that Invesco India Multi Asset Allocation Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Invesco Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

**For Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.
(Investment Manager to Invesco Mutual Fund)**

**Sd/-
Suresh Jakhotiya
Head - Compliance**

Place: Mumbai
Date: October 28, 2024

PART II - INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. Asset Allocation

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of net assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	10	80
Debt and Money Market Instruments	10	80
Gold / Silver ETFs	10	50
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10

The Scheme shall have exposure to following instruments as per the percentages prescribed below and actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable circulars:

Sl. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Mutual Fund Units	Upto 50% of net assets of the Scheme subject to overall limit of 5% of net asset value at the fund house level	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI MF Regulations.
2.	Derivatives	Equity Derivative: Upto 100% of the equity portfolio of the Scheme Debt Derivative: Upto 50% of debt portfolio of the Scheme No separate limit for non-hedging	Para 7.5, 7.6 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
3.	Overseas Securities	Upto 35% of the net assets of the Scheme or residual regulatory limit, whichever is lower	Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
4.	Securitized debt including Pass through Certificates	Upto 35% of the debt portfolio of the Scheme	Para 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
5.	Debt Instruments having Structured Obligation (SO rating) and / or Credit Enhancements (CE rating)	Upto 10% of debt portfolio of the Scheme	Para 12.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
6.	Repo in Corporate Debt Securities	Upto 10% of net assets of the Scheme	Para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
7.	REITs and InvITs	Upto 10% of the net assets of the Scheme	Clause 13 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI MF Regulations and Para 12.21 of Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and as per Asset Allocation Pattern
8.	Short term deposits of all the Scheduled Commercial Banks (pending deployment)	Upto 15% of net assets (Upto 20% of net assets with Trustee Approval)	Para 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
9.	Securities Lending	Upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme and upto 5% of the net assets to the single intermediary in case of debt instruments	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
10.	Triparty repo (TREPS) on Government securities or treasury bills	Upto 80% of net assets of the Scheme	As per Asset Allocation pattern
11.	Unlisted non-convertible debentures	Upto 10% of debt portfolio of the Scheme	Para 12.1.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024

Debt and Money Market Securities may also include margin money for derivative transactions.

The Scheme will invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs during NFO and on an ongoing basis. The Scheme intends to invest USD 25 Million subject to residual regulatory limit in overseas securities during a period of six months from the date of closure of New Fund Offer.

The Scheme may make investments in overseas securities (i.e. ADRs, GDRs etc.) upto the headroom available without breaching the overseas investments limits as of February 1, 2022, at the Fund level. Further, pursuant to SEBI letter dated March 19, 2024, the subscription to schemes investing in Overseas ETFs is temporarily suspended in order to avoid breach of industry-wide limits for investment in overseas ETFs till any further communication is received from SEBI / AMFI in this regard.

The Scheme will not invest in following instruments:

Sl. No.	Type of Instrument
1.	Debt Instruments with special features i.e. Additional Tier I (AT1) / Perpetual Bonds and Tier 2 (AT2) Bonds
2.	Credit Default Swaps
3.	Unrated debt instruments
4.	Foreign securitized debt

In line with para 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the cumulative gross exposure through equity, mutual fund, debt, Gold/Silver ETF, derivative positions, REITs, InvITs, repo transactions, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI vide letter dated November 3, 2021 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.

The Scheme may enter into repos / reverse repos including repo in corporate debt securities as may be permitted by RBI. From time to time, the Scheme may hold cash. A part of the net assets may be invested in the Triparty repo (TREPS) on Government securities or treasury bills or repo or in an alternative investment as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.

Rebalancing due to Short Term Defensive Consideration:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations as per para 1.14.1.2.b. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

Rebalancing due to Passive Breaches:

Further, as per para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time, in the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of the AMC), the fund manager shall rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within 30 Business Days. In case the portfolio of the Scheme is not rebalanced within the period of 30 Business Days, justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee of the AMC. The Investment Committee, if it so desires, can extend the timeline for rebalancing up to sixty (60) Business Days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. Further, in case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, the AMC shall comply with the prescribed restrictions, the reporting and disclosure requirements as specified in para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

B. Where will the scheme invest

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Equity & Equity Related Instruments, Debt and Money Market Instruments, Gold/Silver ETFs and other permitted securities which will include but not limited to:

1. Equity
2. Equity Related Instruments

3. Equity Derivatives
4. Foreign Equity and Equity related instruments
5. Non-convertible debentures
6. Non-Convertible Preference Shares (NCPS)*
7. Floating rate debt instruments
8. Securitised Assets
9. Pass Through Certificate (PTC)
10. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI
11. Debt Instruments having Structured Obligation (SO rating) and / or Credit Enhancements (CE rating)
12. Debt Derivative Instrument like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreement and such other derivative instruments as may be permitted under the Regulations.
13. Certificate of Deposits
14. Commercial Paper
15. Non-Convertible Debentures
16. Treasury Bills (T-Bills)
17. Tri-party Repo
18. Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo including Repo in corporate bond securities
19. Bills Rediscounting
20. Cash Management Bills
21. Real Estate Investment Trust (ReITs)
22. Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT)
23. Clearcorp Repo Order Matching System (CROMS)
24. Any other scheme of Invesco Mutual Fund or of any other mutual fund
25. Short Term Deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks
26. Units of Gold Exchange Traded Funds (Gold ETFs)
27. Units of Silver Exchange Traded Funds (Silver ETFs)
28. Any other securities as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.

*As per Para 12.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, Non-Convertible Preference Shares (NCPS) shall be treated as Debt instruments.

For details, refer Section II.

C. Investment Strategy

The Scheme endeavours to provide capital appreciation/income through investments in multiple asset classes such as Equity & Equity related securities, Debt & Money Market Instruments and Gold/Silver ETFs. The Scheme's asset allocation would be actively managed with an aim to create a diversified portfolio of multi asset-classes thereby balancing risk & reward. The asset allocation would take into consideration top-down global and domestic macro view, market valuations, inflation, liquidity, central bank policies, risk-premia, cross asset price information etc. The top-down macro view will be guided by our internal research, including third party research, and will form basis of inputs into our asset allocation framework. The signals derived from the asset allocation framework are overlaid with the assessment of the fund management team to determine the optimum asset allocation at a given point.

The Scheme's investment in domestic equity will be through investments in equity securities, equity derivatives as well as equity index funds and equity ETFs. The Scheme will invest in foreign securities (including overseas ETFs and index funds) in order to diversify the portfolio holdings. This can help the Scheme to benefit from the regions other than India that are experiencing strong economic growth or have undervalued assets. The Scheme may use derivatives for purposes as may be permitted from time to time.

The Scheme will invest in debt and money market instruments to generate income. The fixed income securities selection will be based on top-down approach, interest rates view and yield curve movements. The debt portfolio would be invested primarily in government securities and high credit quality instruments.

The exposure to Gold/Silver ETFs would be made based on the fundamentals, price corrections or other event-based opportunities in the market.

D. Benchmark Index

Benchmark Index	Justification
Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%)	<p>Nifty 200 TRI (60%) + CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index (30%) + Domestic Price of Gold (5%) + Domestic Price of Silver (5%) is currently selected as the First tier Benchmark from the list of benchmarks circulated by AMFI to be used by AMC's as a First Tier Benchmark, pursuant to para 1.9 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on 'Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes'.</p> <p>About the Benchmark</p> <p>Nifty 200 - The Nifty 200 Index is designed to reflect the behaviour and performance of the large and mid-market capitalization companies. Nifty 200 includes all companies forming part of Nifty 100 and Nifty Midcap 100 Index.</p> <p>CRISIL 10 year Gilt Index - CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index seeks to track the performance of the 10 year benchmark government security.</p> <p>Domestic Price of Gold - The Scheme will invest in Gold ETFs which is benchmarked against the domestic price of gold.</p> <p>Domestic Price of Silver - The Scheme aims to invest in Silver ETFs which is benchmarked against the domestic price of silver.</p>

The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with the investment objectives and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to the SEBI Regulations and other prevailing guidelines.

E. Fund Manager(s) for the Scheme

Name	Age (Yrs)	Educational Qualifications	Total number of years of experience	Tenure for which Fund Manager has been managing the Scheme	Assignments held during the last 10 years
Mr. Taher Badshah (Asset Allocation & Equities)	54 years	BE (Electronics), MMS (Finance), Mumbai University	More than 28 years of experience in Financial Services industry	NA Since the Scheme is a new scheme	January 10, 2017 - till date Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. June 22, 2010 - December 9, 2016 Senior Vice President and Head of Equities - Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Ltd.
Mr. Herin Shah (Asset allocation, Equities, Fixed Income & Gold/Silver ETFs)	43 years	B. Com., C.A., C.S., Financial Risk Management (Global Association of Risk Professionals)	More than 18 years of experience in Research in fixed income including credit, rates, etc.	NA Since the Scheme is a new scheme	October 15, 2018 - till date Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. October 1, 2011 - October 14, 2018 Senior Investment Analyst - Invesco UK Ltd.

Dedicated fund manager for overseas securities:

Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated April 30, 2024, appointment of dedicated fund manager for making investment in overseas securities is optional. The fund manager(s) of the Scheme will be responsible for making investments in overseas securities.

Other schemes managed by the Fund Manager(s):

Name of the Scheme	Fund Managers
Invesco India Contra Fund	Mr. Taher Badshah and Mr. Amit Ganatra
Invesco India Focused Fund	Mr. Taher Badshah and Mr. Hiten Jain
Invesco India Smallcap Fund	Mr. Taher Badshah and Mr. Aditya Khemani
Invesco India ESG Integration Strategy Fund	Mr. Taher Badshah and Mr. Amit Nigam
Invesco India Flexicap Fund	Mr. Amit Ganatra and Mr. Taher Badshah
Invesco India - Invesco Global Equity Income Fund of Fund	Mr. Herin Shah
Invesco India - Invesco Pan European Equity Fund of Fund	
Invesco India - Invesco Global Consumer Trends Fund of Fund	
Invesco India - Invesco EQQQ NASDAQ-100 ETF Fund of Fund	
Invesco India Gold Exchange Traded Fund	
Invesco India Gold ETF Fund of Fund	

F. How is the scheme different from existing schemes of the mutual fund

Sr. No.	Scheme Name	Website Link
1.	Invesco India Arbitrage Fund	https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme
2.	Invesco India Balanced Advantage Fund	
3.	Invesco India Aggressive Hybrid Fund	
4.	Invesco India Equity Savings Fund	

G. Scheme Performance

This Scheme is a new scheme and does not have any performance track record.

H. Additional Scheme Related Disclosures

- Scheme’s Portfolio Holding:** This Scheme is a new scheme and does not have portfolio holding details.

After the scheme is launched website link to obtain scheme’s latest monthly portfolio holding will be: <https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Complete>
- Portfolio Disclosure:**

This Scheme is a new scheme and does not have portfolio holding details.

After the scheme is launched website link to obtain scheme’s latest monthly / half yearly portfolio holding will be:

 - Monthly - <https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Complete>
 - Half yearly - <https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=HalfYearlyHoldings>
- Portfolio Turnover Ratio:** N.A. This Scheme is a new scheme and yet to be launched.
- Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Fund Manager(s) of the Scheme :** N.A. This Scheme is a new scheme and yet to be launched.
- Investments of AMC in the Scheme**

Under Regulation 25(16A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996 read with para 6.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the AMC will invest in the Scheme as a percentage of assets under management (‘AUM’) of the Scheme based on risk assigned to the Scheme. For the purpose of this requirements, the risk value assigned to the

Scheme will be as per the risk-o-meter in terms of para 17.4.1.d as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and risk-o-meter of immediately preceding month shall be considered. The investments will be maintained at all points of time till the Scheme is wound up and will be reviewed on a quarterly basis to ensure that the investments are aligned due to change in AUM and / or change in risk value of the Scheme. Based on quarterly review, shortfall in value of investments, if any, shall be made good within 7 days of such review. Further, the AMC may withdraw any excess investments than what is required pursuant to such quarterly review.

In addition to above investments, the AMC may invest in the Scheme during the continuous offer period subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

As per the existing SEBI (MF) Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.

Website link to review details of investments by the AMC in the Scheme is as follows:

<https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme>

Part III. OTHER DETAILS

A. Computation of NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit under the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation day. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the Principle of fair valuation as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Assets Value (NAV) per unit of the Scheme shall be calculated by either of the following methods shown below:

$$\text{NAV (Rs.)} = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's Investments} + \text{Current Assets including Accrued Income} - \text{Current Liabilities and Provisions}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day}}$$

Or

$$\text{NAV (Rs.)} = \frac{\text{Unit Capital + Reserves and Surplus}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme on the Valuation Day}}$$

Illustration of computation of NAV:

The computation of NAV per unit using various components is explained as follows:

Particulars	Amount in Rs.
Market or Fair Value of Scheme's Investments(A)	10,00,00,000.00
Add: Current Assets including Accrued Income(B)	75,34,345.00
Less: Current Liabilities and Provisions(C)	(30,00,000.00)
Net Assets (A+B-C)	10,45,34,345.00

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day: 10,000,000

The NAV per unit will be computed as follows:

$10,45,34,345 / 10,000,000 = \text{Rs. } 10.45 \text{ p.u. (rounded off to two decimals).}$

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units:

- **Ongoing price for subscription (purchase) / switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors.**

The Purchase Price of Units is the price at which an investor can subscribe /purchase Units of the Scheme. During the continuous offer of the Scheme, the Units will be available at the Applicable NAV.

Pursuant to Para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, there is no entry load for purchase of Units of the Scheme. Accordingly, Purchase Price will be equal to Applicable NAV.

Example: The applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 11.00 p.u. Since Entry load is not applicable, the sale / subscription price will be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Sale / Subscription Price} &= \text{Applicable NAV} * (1 + \text{Entry Load}) \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11 * (1 + 0) \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00 * 1 \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00
 \end{aligned}$$

The investors should also note that stamp duty at the applicable rate will be levied on applicable transactions i.e. purchase, switch-in, IDCW reinvestment, instalment of Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted will be lower to that extent. For more details & impact of stamp duty on number of units allotted, please refer **SAI**.

- **Ongoing price for redemption (sale) / switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors**

Ongoing price for redemption /switch out (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) is price which a Unit holder will receive for redemption/switch-outs.

During the continuous offer of the Scheme, the Unit holder can redeem the units at applicable NAV, subject to payment of Exit Load, if any. It will be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Redemption Price} = \text{Applicable NAV} * (1 - \text{Exit Load, if any})$$

Example 1: The applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 11.00 p.u. If the applicable Exit Load at the time of investments is 1%, then the repurchase / redemption price will be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00 * (1 - 0.01) \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00 * 0.99 \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 10.89
 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2: The applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 11.00 p.u. If the applicable Exit Load at the time of investment is Nil, then the repurchase / redemption price will be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Repurchase / Redemption Price} &= \text{Applicable NAV} * (1 - \text{Exit Load}) \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00 * (1 - 0) \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00 * 1 \\
 &= \text{Rs. } 11.00
 \end{aligned}$$

Investors/Unit holders should note that the Trustee has right to modify existing load structure and to introduce Exit Load and/or any other Load subject to a maximum limit prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. Any change in load structure will be effective on a prospective basis and will not affect the existing Unit holder in any manner.

The Redemption / Repurchase Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV.

B. New Fund Offer (NFO) Expenses

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid, marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc.

NFO expenses will not be borne by the Scheme.

C. Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include investment management and advisory fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 2.00% of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged to the Scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Fund.

Expense Head	(% of daily Net Assets*) (Estimated p.a.)
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	Up to 2.00
Fees & Expenses of Trustees	
Audit Fees	
Custodian Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statement / IDCW / redemption cheques / warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission**	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of Statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Payment towards brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades respectively	
Goods and Services Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees***	
Goods and Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Maximum Total expenses ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	
Additional expenses under Regulations 52(6A) (c)#	Up to 0.05
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Up to 0.30

#these expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied / not applicable to the Scheme.

In addition to the expenses mentioned in table above, brokerage and transaction costs incurred for the purpose of execution of trade upto 0.12% (12 bps) of value of trade in case of cash market transaction and 0.05% (5 bps) of value of trade in case of derivative transactions shall also be charged to the Scheme (as provided in Regulation 52(6A) (a) of the Regulations).

* All fees and expenses charged in a Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a Existing Plan. Commission and distribution expenses will not be charged to the Direct Plan. Further, Direct Plan under the scheme will have a separate NAV.

** For payment of Agents Commission, MF / AMC has adopted full trail model of commission without payment of any upfront commission or upfronting of any trail commission, directly or indirectly, in cash or kind, through sponsorships, or any other route. However, upfronting of trail commission will be allowed for inflows through Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs) from new investors, up to 1% payable yearly in advance, for a maximum period of three years subject to guidelines provided by SEBI, as amended from time to time. The upfront trail commission shall be paid from the books of the AMC and amortized on daily basis to the Scheme over the period for which the payment has been made.

*** Goods & Services Tax on investment and advisory fees will be in addition to maximum limit as mentioned above.

The expenses to the Scheme can be charged as Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52 (2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively. Further, the additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) may be incurred either towards investment & advisory fees and/or towards other expense heads as stated above.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding various costs and expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available with AMC based on past experience and are subject to change inter-se. The total recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Annual recurring expenses of the Scheme, (including the investment and advisory fees without any sub-limit) as a % of daily net assets will be subject to following limit:

First Rs. 500 Crores	Next Rs. 250 Crores	Next Rs. 1,250 Crores	Next Rs. 3,000 Crores	Next Rs. 5,000 Crores	Next Rs. 40,000 Crores	Balance
2.00%	1.75%	1.50%	1.35%	1.25%	TER reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs. 5,000 crores or part thereof	0.80%

All fees and expenses charged in a Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a Regular Plan. Commission and distribution expenses will not be charged to the Direct Plan. Further, Direct Plan under the scheme will have a separate NAV.

In addition to TER within the limits specified under regulation 52 (6) of the Regulations, the AMC may charge expenses not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets of the scheme as permitted under Regulation 52 (6A) (c), towards investment & advisory fees as specified under regulation 52(2) of the Regulations and/or towards recurring expenses as specified under 52(4) of the Regulations. **However, such additional expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied / not applicable to the Scheme.**

Additional Distribution Expenses in case of new inflows from specified cities

In addition to total expenses ratio (TER) as specified above, the AMC will charge expenses not exceeding 0.30% of daily net assets if the new inflows in the scheme from such cities, as specified by SEBI from time to time, are at least:

- (i) 30% of gross new inflows in the Scheme, or;
 - (ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the Scheme,
- whichever is higher.

In case, inflows from such cities is less than the higher of (i) or (ii) of above, such expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged on proportionate basis in accordance with para 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

The additional expenses on account of inflows from such cities charged will be credited back to the Scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

The additional expenses charged in case of inflows from such cities will be utilized for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

The additional TER in terms of Regulation 52(6A)(b) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 shall be charged upto 30 basis points on daily net assets of the Scheme based on inflows only from retail investors beyond Top 30 cities (B 30 cities). Inflows of amount upto Rs. 2,00,000 per transaction by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from retail investors. Top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography - Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

The additional commission for B 30 cities shall be paid as trail only.

Note: Pursuant to AMFI email dated March 2, 2023 with respect to keeping the B-30 incentive structure in abeyance, the AMC will not charge additional 30 bps on new inflows garnered from retail investors from B-30 cities till further notice.

The total expenses of the Scheme including the Investment Management and Advisory Fee shall not exceed the limits stated in Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

All Scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the Scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the AMC, its Associate, Sponsor, Trustee or any other entity through any route.

However, expenses that are very small in value but high in volume may be paid out of AMC's books at actuals or not exceeding 2 bps of respective Scheme AUM, whichever is lower. A list of such miscellaneous expenses will be as provided by AMFI in consultation with SEBI.

The Fund will update the current expense ratios on its website atleast three working days prior to the effective date of the change. The investors can refer to <https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Statutory> for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

Additionally, the Fund will disclose the Total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Scheme on daily basis on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).

Further, any change in the base TER (i.e. TER excluding additional expenses provided in Regulation 52 (6A) (b) and 52 (6A) (c) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and Goods & Services Tax on investment and advisory fees) in comparison to previous base TER charged to the Scheme / Plan shall be communicated to investors of the Scheme / Plan through notice via email or SMS and will be uploaded on the website (<https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Statutory>) at least three working days prior to effecting such change.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on Scheme's returns is as follows:

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year (Rs.)	10,000/-	10,000/-
Annualized Gross Return (Assumed)	10.00%	10.00%
Gross Returns Before Expenses (Rs.)	1000/-	1000/-
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses (Rs.)	100/-	100/-
Distribution Expenses (Rs.)	50/-	-
Total Expense Ratio (p.a.)	1.50%	1.00%
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year (Rs.)	850/-	900/-
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year in % (Annualised)	8.50%	9.00%

Note: The above is just an illustration to explain the impact of the expense ratio on the performance of the Scheme. The actual returns generated by the Scheme will change from time to time.

D. Load Structure

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the Units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.invescomutualfund.com) or you may call at 1800 209 0007 (toll-free) or you can contact your distributor.

For Lump sum Purchases and investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Transfer of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal plan (IDCW Transfer Plan):

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % of NAV)
Exit Load [^]	For each purchase of units through Lumpsum / switch-in / Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and IDCW Transfer Plan, exit load will be as follows:

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % of NAV)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • if upto 10% of Units allotted are redeemed / switched-out within 1 year: Nil • for any redemption / switch-out in excess of 10% of units within one year: 1% • if units are redeemed or switched-out after 1 year: Nil <p>Switch between the Plans under the Scheme: Nil</p>

^Exit Load charged, if any, will be credited back to the Scheme, net of Goods and Services Tax.

- No Exit Load will be levied on Units issued on IDCW reinvested.
- No Exit Load will be levied on Units issued as bonus units.
- A switch-out or a withdrawal under STP and SWP will also attract an Exit Load like any Redemption.

Load Structure in the Transferee Scheme (target scheme) prevailing at the time of submission of STP application (whether for fresh enrolment or extension) will be applicable for all the investments through STP specified in the SID of the Scheme.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. Investors may refer to the current applicable Load structure by referring to the SID on the AMC website or by calling at 1800 209 0007 (toll-free).

Under the Scheme, the AMC reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund. The AMC reserves the right to introduce / modify the Load depending upon the circumstances prevailing at that time subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

The Redemption / Repurchase Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV.

Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only. At the time of changing the Load Structure:

1. The addendum detailing the changes will be displayed on the Website of the Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com).
2. The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to SID and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors / brokers so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memorandum already in stock.
3. Arrangements will be made to display the addendum in the form of a notice in all the Investor Service Centres and distributors / brokers office.
4. The introduction of the exit load along with the details will be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and will also be disclosed in the accounts statement issued after the introduction of such load.
5. Any other measure which the AMC may consider necessary.

SECTION II

I. Introduction

A. Definition / interpretation

For the meaning of words, expressions and abbreviations used in this Scheme Information Document, interpretations, please click on the functional website Link given below:

<https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme>

B. Risk Factors

- **Scheme specific risk factors:**

The Scheme would be investing in Equity & Equity related Securities, Debt & Money Market Instruments, Gold ETF / Silver ETF and such other asset classes permitted by SEBI time to time. The liquidity of the scheme's investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Different asset class carry different types of risk as mentioned in the Scheme Information Document. Accordingly, the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon the investment pattern as mentioned in the Asset Allocation section of Scheme Information Documents.

- **Risk associated with Equity and Equity Related Instruments:**

Equity and Equity Related Instruments by nature are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis due to macro and micro economic factors. The value of Equity and Equity Related Instruments may fluctuate due to factors affecting the securities markets such as volume and volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law/policies of the Government, taxation laws, political, economic or other developments, general decline in the Indian markets, which may have an adverse impact on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors. Consequently, the NAVs of the Units issued under the Scheme may be adversely affected.

Further, the Equity and Equity Related Instruments are risk capital and are subordinate in the right of payment to other securities, including debt securities.

Equity and Equity Related Instruments listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk; however, the Scheme's ability to sell these investments is limited by the overall trading volume on the stock exchanges. In certain cases, settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio may result, at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's portfolio.

Further, the volatility of medium / small - capitalization stocks may be higher in comparison to liquid large capitalization stocks.

- **Risk associated with Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments:**

- **Interest - Rate Risk**

Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments run interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rate falls, the prices increase. The extent of rise or fall in the price is a function of existing coupon, days to maturity, increase or decrease in the level of interest, credit quality, demand and supply. However, in case of Government securities credit risk remains zero, their prices are influenced by the movement in interest rates in the financial system.

In case of floating rate instruments, an additional risk could arise because of changes in spreads of floating rate instruments. With increase in spread of floating rate instruments, the price can fall and with decrease in spread of floating rate instruments, the prices can rise. Moreover, the floating rate instruments having a periodical interest rate reset carry lower interest rate risk compared to a fixed rate debt security. However, in the falling interest rate scenario, the returns on floating rate debt instruments may not be better than those on fixed rate debt instruments.

Credit Risk

Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may be affected because of change in the credit rating of the issuer/instrument and the price of a security goes down if the credit rating agency downgrades the rating of the issuer. In case of Government Securities, there is minimal credit risk to that extent.

Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated or unrated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.

Liquidity or Marketability Risk

The ability of the Scheme to execute sale/purchase order is dependent on the liquidity or marketability. The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. The securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, but the ability to sell these securities is limited by the overall trading volumes. Further, different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement cycles and may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances.

Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchange(s) may be illiquid and can carry higher liquidity risk in comparison with securities which are listed on the stock exchange(s) and offer exit option to the investor including put option. The Scheme would invest in the securities which are not listed but offer attractive yields. This may however increase the risk of the portfolio.

Re-investment Risk

This refers to the interest rate risk at which the intermediate cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme including maturity proceeds are reinvested. Investments in fixed income securities may carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the debt security. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

- **Risks associated with Investment in Gold/Silver Exchange Traded Funds:**

Investment in Gold/Silver ETFs involves investment risks such as Gold/Silver price movement, regulatory risk, trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk. As the price / value of the underlying in which the Gold/Silver ETF invests fluctuates, the value of units of ETF may go up or down. The value of underlying of the Gold/Silver ETF may be affected, inter-alia, by changes in the Gold/Silver prices, changes in government duties, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.

Currency Risk: The NAV of Gold/Silver ETF is based on the imported (landed) value of the Gold / Silver, which is computed by multiplying international market price by US Dollar value. Hence the value of NAV of Gold / Silver ETF will depend upon the conversion value and as such is sensitive to currency risk.

Liquidity Risk: Trading in units of Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs on stock exchange(s) may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of Exchange authorities or SEBI, trading in units of Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs is not advisable. In addition, trading in units of Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to Exchange and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of units of Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange (s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Authorised Participant / Large Investor to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV.

Risk Factors related to Purchase / Sale of units of Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs directly with the AMC/Mutual Fund: The Scheme can purchase / redeem (sale) units of Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs directly with the AMC/Mutual Fund only for transaction above a specified threshold. Currently, order for purchase / redemption of units of Gold ETF & Silver ETF directly with AMC / Fund must be for amount greater than Rs.25 Crores. Transactions for purchase of units of Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs for amount less than Rs. 25 Crores can be executed only on stock exchange(s) where these units are listed. This may result in a higher cost of acquisition due to variance in the price quoted on the stock exchange(s) and the underlying NAV of respective ETFs. Similarly, transactions for sale (redemption) of units of Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs for amount less than Rs. 25 Crores can be executed only on stock exchange(s) where these units are listed. The market

price of Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs on stock exchange(s) may be at discount to NAV of respective ETFs thereby affecting returns of the Scheme. The ability of Scheme to purchase / sale units of Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs on stock exchange(s) will depend on overall trading volumes, liquidity (i.e. demand / supply) and bid/ask spread. In certain cases, settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances.

Tracking Error Risk: The underlying ETF manager may not be able to invest the entire corpus in the same proportion as in the underlying index due to various factors such as fees, expenses of the scheme, corporate action, cash balance, changes in underlying index and regulatory policies which may affect the scheme's ability to achieve close correlation with the underlying index. Tracking error may be accounted by the various reasons which includes expenses, cash balance to meet redemptions, payout of IDCW, time to reallocate the portfolio subsequent to changes in the underlying index etc.

Further, the prices of Gold/Silver ETFs are impacted by the price of underlying Gold / Silver. Some of the key factors affecting Gold / Silver prices are as follows:

- Demand and Supply of Gold/Silver: Central banks across the world hold a part of their reserves in gold/silver. The quantum of their demand / selling in the market is one of the major determinants of gold / silver prices. Demand for gold / silver is also closely tied to the demand from consumers for jewellery, customary practices as well as seasonal events like weddings, festivals, etc. On the supply side, production of gold/silver by mining companies impacts the prices of gold/silver. Mining companies bringing new mines on-line is a time consuming and economically challenging process and may impact the supply of gold/silver.
 - Macro-economic factors: Movement in US dollar, inflation, interest rates impact the prices of gold / silver. Rising US dollar, rising global interest rates and/or deflationary global environment can have a negative impact on gold/silver prices.
 - Geo-political factors: Any uncertainty in global or domestic geo-political front or any war-like situations helps gold/silver prices due to uncertainty premium.
 - Change in duties & levies: Gold/silver prices include any duties and levies imposed by the governments. Any change in duties and levies will impact the price of gold/silver.
- **Risk Factors Associated with repo transaction in Corporate Debt Securities:**

Counterparty Risk: This refers to the inability of the seller to meet the obligation to buy back securities at the contracted price. Fund Manager will endeavor to manage counterparty risk by dealing only with counterparties having strong credit profiles assessed through in-house credit analysis and / or with entities regulated by SEBI/RBI/IRDA. In the event of default by the repo counterparty, the Scheme will have recourse to the corporate debt securities given as collateral to recover the investment by selling the collateral in the market. However, selling of collateral will also be subject to liquidity risk in the market and the Scheme may incur impact cost at the time of selling the collateral.

Collateral Risk: Collateral risk arises when the market value of the securities is inadequate to meet the repo obligations or there is downward migration in rating of collateral. Further if the rating of collateral goes below the minimum required rating during the term of repo or collateral becomes ineligible for any reason, counterparty will be expected to substitute the collateral. In case of failure to do so, IAMI / Schemes of the Fund will explore the option for early termination of the trade.

- **Risk Factor associated with investing in Securities Segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement:** Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. ('CCIL') is providing clearing and settlement services, for Triparty Repo trades in Government Securities, under its Securities Segment. CCIL would act as a Central Counterparty to all the borrow and lend Triparty Repo trades received by it for settlement. CCIL would also be performing the role responsibilities of Triparty Repo Agent, in terms of Repurchase transactions (Repo) (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2018 as amended from time to time. CCIL would settle the Triparty Repo trades, in terms of its Securities Segment Regulations.

The funds settlement of members is achieved by multilateral netting of the funds position in Triparty Repo with the funds position in Outright and Market Repo and settling in the books of RBI for members who maintain an RBI Current Account. In respect of other members, funds settlement is achieved in the books of Settlement Bank. Securities settlement for Triparty Repo trades shall be achieved in the Gilt Account of the Member maintained with CCIL. Securities obligation for outright and market repo trades shall be settled in the SGL / CSGL account of the Member with RBI.

Invesco Mutual Fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the CCIL. Since all transactions of the Fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL, it reduces the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments.

To mitigate the potential losses arising in case any member defaults in settling the transactions routed through CCIL, CCIL maintains a Default Fund. CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its securities segment, one to meet the losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades.

In case any clearing member fails to honor his settlement obligations, the Default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement applying the Default Waterfall Sequence. As per the said waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and defaulter's contribution to default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution, if there is still a loss to be met, then contribution of non-defaulting members to Default Fund is utilized to meet the said loss.

The Scheme is subject to the risk of losing initial margin and contribution to Default Fund in the event of failure of any settlement obligation. Further the Scheme's contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

Further, CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contribution as collaterals by members. Presently, all Central Government Securities and Treasury Bills are accepted as collaterals by CCIL. The above risk factor may undergo a change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India Securities as eligible for contributions as collateral.

- **Risks associated with investing in Securitized Debt:**

The Scheme may invest in securitized debt such as asset backed securities (ABS) or mortgage-backed securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail loan installment or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. The values of these securities are sensitive to changes in the credit quality of the underlying collateral, the credit strength of the credit enhancement, changes in interest rates and at times the financial condition of the issuer. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. In the case of mortgage-backed securities, these loans are usually first mortgages on residential properties. With asset backed securities, the loans might be credit card receivables, auto loans and leases or home equity loans. As the underlying loans are paid off by the borrowers, the investors in MBS/ABS receive payments of interest and principal over time.

MBS, particularly home loan transactions, are subject to interest-rate risk and prepayment risk. A change in interest rates can affect the pace of payments on the underlying loans, which in turn, affects total return on the securities. ABS also carries credit or default risks. If many borrowers on the underlying loans default, losses could exceed the credit enhancement level and result in losses to investors in an ABS transaction. ABS has structure risk due to a unique characteristic known as early amortization or early payout risk.

MBS carry interest rate risk. Maturity is a moving target with these securities. Depending on what happens to interest rates after issuing the MBS, the maturity of the bond could shorten or lengthen dramatically. This is because homeowners are allowed to refinance their mortgages, as decline in interest rates encourages many homeowners to refinance their mortgages. Whereas rise in interest rates causes homeowners to hold on to their mortgages longer. This will extend the originally estimated maturity dates of MBS.

ABS and MBS are also subject to prepayment risk. When purchasing an MBS, investors usually calculate some degree of prepayment into their pricing. However, if prepayment happens unexpectedly or faster than predicted, it may result in reduced actual duration as compared to the expected duration of the paper at the time of purchase, which may adversely impact the portfolio yield.

The yield-to-maturity of such securities cannot be known for certain at the time of purchase since the cash flows are not known. When principal is returned early, future interest payments will not be paid on that part of the principal. If the bond was purchased at a premium, the bond's yield will be less than what was estimated at the time of purchase.

The credit enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the investors. These certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and do not represent an obligation of either the issuer or the seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the seller, issuer and originator. No financial recourse is available to the certificate holders against the investors' representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the credit enhancement and thereby the investor payouts to the certificate holders may get affected if the amount available in the credit enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of an obligor to repay his obligation, the servicer may repossess and sell the asset. However, many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such asset or the length of time required to realise the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that obligor.

These securities also carry risk associated with the collection agent. With respect to the certificates, the servicer will deposit all payments received from the obligors into the collection account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a servicer and depositing the same into the collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the loan agreements may not be segregated from other funds of originator. If originator in its capacity as servicer fails to remit such funds due to investors, the investors may be exposed to a potential loss.

- **Risks associated with investing in SO Rated Papers**

In addition to all the risks associated with the plain vanilla instruments like NCDs / Money market instruments etc., any instrument rated with the suffix (SO) is subject to certain additional risks like:

- Underlying loan pools in case of SO rated securities can be of varying types and nature. SO securities are rated and assessed based on assumption around homogeneity of the underlying loan pools. In certain cases, the loan pools can show behavioral characteristics which are very different from initial assumptions and as such increase the credit risks inherent in the transaction. Additionally, the loan pools may have pre-payments which can increase the interest rate risk in the securities.
- In case of SO rated securities, the structure of the transaction carries comingling risk and risk of the servicer of the transaction. As such, legal clauses and structural features are very important in addition to issuer credit risk since lack of sufficient structural protection can cause leakage of cash and / or security being available for investors.
- SO rated securities are complex structures with a variety of credit enhancements. Debt securities lack a well-developed secondary market in India, and due to structured nature of SO securities, the liquidity in the market for these instruments is limited compared to similar rated normal debt instruments. Thus, lower secondary market liquidity in such instruments could cause challenges in timely selling by the scheme. Additionally due to limited liquidity, schemes may incur higher impact costs when such instruments are traded due to wider bid-offer spreads.

- **Additional risks associated with the CE rated papers:**

In addition to all the risks associated with the plain vanilla instruments like NCDs / Money market instruments etc., any instrument rated with the suffix (CE) is exposed to various additional risks on the basis of the explicit underlying Credit enhancement (CE) from a third party/ parent/ group company, in the form of corporate guarantee/ letter of comfort/ pledge of shares etc. The risk involved are:

- if the Credit Enhancement is in the form of Corporate Guarantee / Letter of Comfort, then there is a legal risk of enforcing the Corporate Guarantee / Letter of Comfort along with the credit risk pertaining to the Credit Enhancement provider.
- If the Credit Enhancement is in the form of pledge of shares, then the additional risks are those associated with equity price movement, share collateral cover, liquidity of shares pledged as collateral in the secondary market, availability of free shares with the CE provider to be provided as additional collateral. Further there is also a legal risk of enforcing the pledge of shares, operational risk in selling the shares in secondary market & the underlying impact cost.
- If the Credit Enhancement is in any other form, then there is a risk pertaining to legal enforceability of the credit enhancement and credit risk of the credit enhancement provider.

- **Risks associated with investing in ADR/GDR and Overseas Securities:**

Subject to necessary approvals, the Scheme may also invest in ADRs/ GDRs/ overseas financial assets as permitted under the applicable regulations. The value of an investment in foreign securities may depend on general global economic factors or specific economic and political factors relating to the country or countries in which the foreign issuer operates. To the extent the assets of the Scheme are invested in overseas financial asset, there may be risk associated with fluctuation in foreign exchange rates, restriction on repatriation of capital and earnings under the exchange control regulations and transaction procedure in overseas market. The

repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls, political circumstances, bi-lateral conflicts or prevalent tax laws.

The Scheme can invest in overseas securities subject to maximum prescribed limits. As and when the investment limits at Mutual Fund level/Industry level are exhausted or nearing exhaustion, the scheme may temporarily suspend deployment of funds in overseas funds/securities.

Investment in foreign securities carries currency risk. Currency risk is a form of risk that arises from the change in price of one currency against other. The exchange risk associated with a foreign denominated instrument is a key element in foreign investment. This risk flows from differential monetary policy and growth in real productivity, which results in differential inflation rates. The risk arises because currencies may move in relation to each other.

The value of the overseas securities may be affected by uncertainties such as changes in a country's government policies, taxation, restrictions on foreign investment, currency decisions, applicable laws and regulations, together with any natural disasters or political upheaval, which could weaken a country's securities markets

Regulators and self-regulatory organisations and exchanges can take extraordinary actions in the event of market emergencies. The effect of any future regulatory actions could be substantial and adverse. Government and regulatory interventions have sometimes been unclear in scope and application, resulting in confusion and uncertainty which in itself has been detrimental to the efficient functioning of financial markets. It is impossible to predict what additional interim or permanent governmental restrictions may be imposed on the markets and/or the effect of such restrictions on the ability to implement a Fund's investment objective. The Fund Managers cannot predict how long the financial markets will continue to be affected by these events and cannot predict the effects of these – or similar events in the future – on an ETF/index fund or global economy and the global securities markets. Instability in the global financial markets or government intervention may increase the volatility of the ETFs and hence the risk of loss to the value of investments.

- **Risks associated with investing in Derivatives:**

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly.

Other risks include risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of the derivative to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices, illiquidity risk whereby the Scheme may not be able to sell or purchase derivative quickly enough at a fair price.

- **Risks associated with Securities Lending:**

For Equity Instruments: As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending. During the period the security is lent, the Scheme may not be able to sell such security and in turn cannot protect from the falling market price of the said security. Under the current securities lending and borrowing mechanism, the Scheme can call back the securities lent any time before the maturity date of securities lending contract. However, this will be again the function of liquidity in the market and if there are no lenders in the specified security, the Scheme may not be able to call back the security and in the process, the Scheme will be exposed to price volatility. Moreover, the fees paid for calling back the security may be more than the lending fees earned by Scheme at the time of lending the said security and this could result in loss to the Scheme. Also, during the period the security is lent, the Fund will not be able to exercise the voting rights attached to the security as the security will not be registered in the name of the Scheme in the records of the Depository/issuer.

For Debt Instruments: As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Scheme may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

- **Risks associated with Short Selling:**
The Scheme may enter into short selling transactions, subject to SEBI and RBI Regulations. Short positions carry the risk of losing money and these losses may grow unlimited theoretically if the price of the stock increases without any limit. This may result in major loss to the Scheme. At times, the participants may not be able to cover their short positions, if the price increases substantially. If numbers of short sellers try to cover their position simultaneously, it may lead to disorderly trading in the stock and thereby can briskly escalate the price even further making it difficult or impossible to liquidate short position quickly at reasonable prices. In additions, short selling also carries the risk of inability to borrow the security by the participants thereby requiring the participants to purchase the securities sold short to cover the position even at unreasonable prices.
- **Risk Factors associated with investments in REITs and InvITs:**
 - **Market Risk:** REITs and InvITs Investments are volatile and subject to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to factors impacting the underlying assets. AMC/Fund Manager’s will do the necessary due diligence, but actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends.
 - **Liquidity Risk:** As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods, dissolution of the trust, potential delisting of units on the exchange etc., the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to increase in the scheme portfolio risk.
 - **Reinvestment Risk:** Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or IDCW pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.
 - **Regulatory/Legal Risk:** REITs and InvITs being new asset classes, rights of unit holders such as right to information etc. may differ from existing capital market asset classes under Indian Law.
- **Risks associated with segregated portfolio:**
 - a) Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
 - b) Security(ies) held in segregated portfolio may not realize any value.
 - c) Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

C. Risk Mitigation Strategies:

Risk Mitigation Measures: Our multi asset allocation process involves regular and disciplined framework which takes into account amongst other things macro-economic fundamentals, liquidity, asset class valuations as well investor positioning. Our asset allocation process is dynamic in nature and takes into account appropriate risk-adjusted returns across asset classes on an on-going basis. Below are the risk mitigation strategies for the specific risks:

Type of Risk	Risk Mitigation Measures
Equity and equity related instruments	Investments in equity and equity related instruments will be made in accordance with the categorized universe and will take into account size of the companies and liquidity of the equity shares of the companies. Additionally, SEBI limits on exposure will be duly complied with. Risk oversight with respect to attribution and performance analysis will be conducted in line with normal risk management process.
Debt and money market instruments	Debt investments will be largely made in government securities and corporate bond issuers of high credit quality from the eligible and approved issuer universe for Fixed Income funds. Regulatory limits with respect to minimum exposure to Fixed Income instruments will be duly adhered to.

Type of Risk	Risk Mitigation Measures
Gold ETF and Silver ETF	Gold/Silver allocation will be through Gold ETF and Silver ETF and will take into account the tracking error and liquidity of underlying ETFs. Regulatory limits with respect to minimum exposure to Gold/Silver instruments will be duly adhered to.
Overseas securities	Investment in overseas securities will be in line with applicable regulations. For overseas ETFs/mutual funds, tracking error and liquidity of the ETFs will be considered before investing. Additionally, the fund managers will take into account the regulatory limits relating to overseas investments applicable at the time of investing.
REITs and InvITs	The fund will comply with the applicable SEBI limits and will endeavour to invest in REITs & InvITs which have adequate liquidity in their tradeable units.
TREPS/Repo	The scheme will endeavour to invest any cash in an efficient manner through TREPs/Repos. TREPs investment is through a recognized exchange/platform (for eg CCIL) which reduces the counterparty risk to a large extent. Repos will be undertaken only with approved counterparties in approved eligible collateral and with hair-cuts as per the internal policy.
Securitized Debt	Investments in securitized debt will be as prescribed by the regulatory limits and internal limits. Additionally, the collateral pool, credit enhancements and other structural features will be periodically reviewed.
SO / CE rated instruments	Investments in SO/CE instruments will be as prescribed by the regulatory limits and internal limits. Additionally, covenants will be reviewed periodically for adequate maintenance of credit enhancements as prescribed in the information memorandum of such instruments.
Securities lending	Securities lending shall be operated through Clearing Corporation/Clearing House of recognized stock exchanges and who are registered as Approved Intermediaries (AIs). The counterparty risk is adequately covered as Securities Lending & Borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Exchange offers an anonymous trading platform and gives the players the advantage of settlement guarantee without the worries of counter party default.
Derivatives	The Scheme may invest in derivative for the purpose of hedging, portfolio balancing and other purposes as may be permitted under the Regulations. Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on stock exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties. Exposure with respect to derivatives shall be in line with regulatory limits and the limits specified in the SID. Internal risk limits applicable to asset classes will cover derivative exposures in those asset classes also.
Volatility	Fund Managers will be guided by a disciplined framework that takes into account amongst other things macro-economic fundamentals, liquidity, asset class valuations as well investor positioning. By reviewing this framework on a regular basis, the fund managers will try to optimize the asset allocation for best risk-adjusted returns and in the process limit volatility of the fund. Given the correlations between various asset classes, volatility of the scheme would likely be manageable with dynamic asset allocation changes.
Concentration	Fund Managers will be guided by a disciplined framework that takes into account amongst other things macro-economic fundamentals, liquidity, asset class valuations as well investor positioning. By reviewing this framework on a regular basis, the fund managers will try to optimize the asset allocation for best risk-adjusted returns and in the process limit concentration risk in the fund. By diversifying across stocks / sectors, domestic/international equities, concentration risk can be reduced.
Liquidity	The fund managers will control the liquidity at portfolio construction level. The equity allocation will be invested taking into account the liquidity of underlying equities / ETFs. Fixed Income allocation will largely be invested in government bonds and high quality corporate bonds. Appropriate amounts of cash will be maintained to take of regular redemptions.

II. Information about the scheme

A. Where will the scheme invest

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Equity & Equity Related Instruments, Debt and Money Market Instruments, Gold/Silver ETFs and other permitted securities which will include but not limited to:

- **Equity and Equity Related Instruments:**

1. Equity share is a security that represents ownership interest in a company. It is issued to those who have contributed capital in setting up an enterprise.

2. Equity Related Instruments are securities which give the holder of the security right to receive equity shares on pre agreed terms. It includes convertible debentures, convertible preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares, equity derivatives and such other instrument as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.
3. Equity Derivatives are financial instrument, generally traded on an exchange, the price of which is directly dependent upon (i.e. “derived from”) the value of equity shares or equity indices. Derivatives involve the trading of rights or obligations based on the underlying, but do not directly transfer property.
4. Derivatives:
Futures are exchange-traded contracts to sell or buy financial instruments for future delivery at an agreed price. There is an agreement to buy or sell a specified quantity of financial instrument on a designated future date at a price agreed upon by the buyer and seller at the time of entering into a contract. To make trading possible, the exchange specifies certain standardized features of the contract. A futures contract involves an obligation on both the parties to fulfill the terms of the contract.

SEBI has permitted futures contracts on indices and individual stocks with maturity of 1 month, 2 months and 3 months on a rolling basis. The futures contracts are settled on last Thursday (or immediately preceding trading day if Thursday is a trading holiday) of each month. The final settlement price is the closing price of the underlying stock(s)/index. However, pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/MRD/DOPI/CIR/P/2018/161 dated December 31, 2018, stock derivatives are physically settled.

Option is a contract which provides the buyer of the option (also called holder) the right, without the obligation, to buy or sell a specified asset at the agreed price on or upto a particular date. For acquiring this privilege, the buyer pays premium (fee) to the seller. The seller on the other hand has the obligation to buy or sell specified asset at the agreed price and for this obligation he receives premium. The premium is determined considering number of factors such as the market price of the underlying asset/security, number of days to expiry, risk free rate of return, strike price of the option and the volatility of the underlying asset. Option contracts are of two types viz:

Call Option – The option that gives the buyer the right to buy specified quantity of the underlying asset at the strike price is a call option. The buyer of the call option (known as the holder of call option) can call upon the seller of the option (writer of the option) and buy from him the underlying asset at the agreed price at any time on or before the expiry of the option.

The seller (writer of the option) on the other hand has the obligation to sell the underlying asset if the buyer of the call option decides to exercise his option to buy.

Put Option – The right to sell is called put option. A Put option gives the holder (buyer) the right to sell specified quantity of the underlying asset at the strike price. The seller of the put option (one who is short Put) however, has the obligation to buy the underlying asset at the strike price if the buyer decides to exercise his option to sell.

There are two kinds of options based on the date of exercise of right. The first is the European Option which can be exercised only on the maturity date. The second is the American Option which can be exercised on or before the maturity date.

W.e.f. December 31, 2010, all the options contracts in F&O Segment has European Option only.

- **Debt & Money Market Instruments:**

1. Non-convertible debentures as well as bonds are securities issued by companies / institutions promoted / owned by the Central or State governments and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State government guarantee, public and private sector banks, All India Financial Institutions, private sector companies. These instruments may be secured against the assets of the company or unsecured and generally issued to meet the short term and long term fund requirements. Rate of interest on such instruments would depend upon spread over corresponding government security, perceived risk, rating, tenor etc. These instruments include fixed interest security with/without put/call option, floating rate bonds, zero coupon bonds. Frequency of the interest payment could be either monthly/quarterly/half-yearly or annually.

2. Floating rate debt instruments are debt instruments issued by central government, state government, corporates, PSUs etc. with coupon reset periodically. The periodicity of reset could be daily, monthly, quarterly, half yearly and annually or any other periodicity as may be mutually agreed between the issuer and the Fund. The fund manager will have the flexibility to invest the debt component into floating rate debt securities in order to reduce the impact of rising interest rate in the economy.
3. **Securitized Assets:** Securitization is a structured finance process which involves pooling and repackaging of cash-flow producing financial assets into securities that are then sold to investors. They are termed as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. Such mortgage could be either residential or commercial properties. ABS/MBS instrument reflect the undivided interest in the underlying assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of underlying receivables. Securitization often utilizes the services of Special Purpose Vehicle.
4. Pass Through Certificate (PTC) represents beneficial interest in an underlying pool of cash flows. These cash flows represent dues against single or multiple loans originated by the sellers of these loans. PTCs may be backed, but not exclusively, by receivables of personal loans, car loans, two-wheeler loans and other assets subject to applicable regulations.
5. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI, securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). Special securities issued by the Government of India to entities like Oil Marketing Companies, Fertilizer Companies, the Food Corporation of India, etc. (popularly called oil bonds, fertilizer bonds and food bonds respectively) and special securities issued by the State Government under “Ujjwal Discom Assurance Yojna (UDAY) Scheme for Operational and Financial Turnaround of Power Distribution Companies (DISCOMs)” notified by Ministry of Power vide Office Memorandum (No 06/02/2015-NEF/FRP) dated November 20, 2015, (popularly called as UDAY Bonds). Central Government Securities are sovereign debt obligations of the Government of India with zero-risk of default and issued on its behalf by RBI. They form part of Government’s annual borrowing programme and are used to fund the fiscal deficit along with other short term and long-term requirements. Such securities could be fixed rate, fixed interest rate with put/call option, zero coupon bond, floating rate bonds, capital indexed bonds, fixed interest security with staggered maturity payment etc.
6. Non-Convertible Preference Shares (NCPS) are treated as Debt instruments pursuant to para 12.10 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.
7. Debt derivative instruments:
 - Interest Rate Swap - An Interest Rate Swap (IRS) is a financial contract between two parties exchanging or swapping a stream of interest payments for a “notional principal” amount on multiple occasions during a specified period. Such contracts generally involve exchange of a “fixed to floating” or “floating to fixed rate” of interest. Accordingly, on each payment date that occurs during the swap period, cash payments based on fixed/ floating and floating rates are made by the parties to one another.
 - Forward Rate Agreement - A Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) is a financial contract between two parties to exchange interest payments for a ‘notional principal’ amount on settlement date, for a specified period from start date to maturity date. Accordingly, on the settlement date, cash payments based on contract (fixed) and the settlement rate, are made by the parties to one another. The settlement rate is the agreed benchmark/ reference rate prevailing on the settlement date.
8. Certificate of Deposits (CDs) is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select all-India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The minimum denomination of CD should be Rs. 1 Lac and in multiples of Rs. 1 Lac thereafter. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year whereas in case of FIs, maturity is between one year to 3 years from the date of issue. CDs may be issued at a discount to face value. Banks/ FIs cannot buy back their own CDs before maturity.

9. Commercial Paper (CPs) is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short-term borrowings. They are issued at a discount to the face value as may be determined by the issuer. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.
 10. Treasury Bills (T-Bills) are issued by the Government of India to meet their short-term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days. T-bills are issued at a discount to their face value and redeemed at par.
 11. Non-Convertible Debentures of original or initial maturity upto one year issued by corporate (including NBFCs) by way of private placement in accordance with the provisions of master circular of RBI vide reference no. RBI/MRD/2016-17/32 dated July 7, 2016.
 12. Tri-party Repo means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.
 13. Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase or sell the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The transaction results in collateralized borrowing or lending of funds. When the seller sells the security with an agreement to repurchase it, it is Repo transaction whereas from the perspective of buyer who buys the security with an agreement to sell it at a later date, it is reverse repo transaction. Presently in India, G-Secs, State Government Securities, T-Bills and Corporate Debt Securities are eligible for Repo/Reverse Repo. The Scheme will also participate in repo in corporate debt securities.
 14. Bills Rediscounting.
 15. Cash Management Bills (CMB) are issued by Government of India to meet the temporary cash flow mismatches of the Government. CMBs are non-standard, discounted instruments issued for maturities less than 91 days. CMBs are issued at discount to the face value through auctions. The settlement of the auction will be on T+1 basis.
 16. Clearcorp Repo Order Matching System (CROMS) is a Straight Through Processing (STP) enabled anonymous Order Matching Platform launched by Clearcorp Dealing Systems (India) Ltd. For facilitating dealing in Market Repos in all kinds of Government Securities. It enables dealing in two kinds of Repos - (1) Basket and (2) Special Repos. Building on the internationally popular Standard Repo Model, Basket Repos enables dealing in baskets wherein repoable securities have been classified based on instrument type, liquidity and outstanding tenor and clustered together. While borrowers can raise funds through a Basket Repo against any of security forming part of the concerned basket, the lender is assured that it would receive any of the securities forming part of the concerned basket. Details of security allocated are known to both counterparties post trade. As for Special Repos, which is the conventional repo, both borrower and lender are aware of the underlying security against which deal is sought to be concluded. CROMS provides better transparency, repo rate discovery and operational efficiency.
- **“REIT” or “Real Estate Investment Trust”** shall have the meaning assigned in clause (zm) of sub-regulation 1 of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Real Estate Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. REITs are companies that own and lease out commercial or residential real estate. The rental incomes from the properties are shared among REIT investors, who are allotted units. These units are tradeable on exchanges.
 - **“InvIT” or “Infrastructure Investment Trust”** shall have the meaning assigned in clause (za) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. InvITs are similar to REITs, except these own infrastructure assets not real estate.
 - **Gold Exchange Traded Funds (Gold ETFs):** Gold Exchange Traded Funds are open ended scheme(s) that invest primarily in gold or gold related instruments. As per the current SEBI MF Regulations, Gold ETFs are allowed to invest in gold. Further the Gold ETFs can invest in gold related instruments only after such instruments are specified by SEBI. The units of ETFs are listed on the stock exchange(s). Further, authorized participants and large investors can subscribe and redeem the units of Gold ETFs in creation unit size as specified by respective scheme(s).
 - **Silver Exchange Traded Funds (Silver ETFs):** Silver Exchange Traded Funds are open ended scheme(s) that invest in Silver or Silver related instruments as permitted by SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

- Any other Scheme of Invesco Mutual Fund or of any other mutual fund. Such investment will be subject to limits specified under SEBI Regulations and AMC will not be entitled to charge management fees on such investments.
- Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.
- Any other securities as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.

The securities / instruments mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The securities may be acquired through initial public offering (IPOs), secondary market, private placement, rights offers, negotiated deals. Further investments in debentures, bonds and other fixed income securities will be in instruments which have been assigned investment grade rating by the credit rating agency.

The Scheme may also invest in suitable investment avenues in foreign securities in overseas financial markets for the purpose of diversification, commensurate with the Scheme objectives and subject to necessary stipulations by SEBI / RBI. Towards this end, the Mutual Fund may also appoint overseas investment advisors and other service providers, as and when permissible under the regulations. The Scheme may with the approval of SEBI / RBI invests in:

- ADRs/ GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies
- Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas;
- Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas;
- Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies;
- Money market instruments rated not below investment grade;
- Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade; repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds.
- Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade;
- Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities;
- Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade; and
- Units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, or (b) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).

As per para 12.19.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, Mutual Fund can invest in overseas securities subject to a maximum of US \$1 billion per Mutual Fund, within the overall industry limit of US \$ 7 billion and in overseas ETF subject to maximum of US \$300 million per Mutual Fund, within the overall industry limit of US \$ 1 billion or such limits as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

On an ongoing basis, the AMC is allowed to invest in overseas securities upto 20% of the average Asset Under Management ('AUM') in overseas securities of the previous three calendar months subject to maximum limit mentioned above at Fund house level. Para 12.19.1.3.c. and 12.19.1.3.d of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has clarified that the aforesaid 20% limit for ongoing investment in overseas securities will be soft limit for purpose of reporting only on a monthly basis to SEBI. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is USD 1 Billion subject a maximum of USD 300 million per mutual fund.

The Scheme will invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs during NFO and on an ongoing basis. The Scheme intends to invest USD 25 Million subject to residual regulatory limit in overseas securities during a period of six months from the date of closure of New Fund Offer.

The Scheme may make investments in overseas securities (i.e. ADRs, GDRs etc.) upto the headroom available without breaching the overseas investments limits as of February 1, 2022, at the Fund level. Further, pursuant to SEBI letter dated March 19, 2024, the subscription to schemes investing in Overseas ETFs is temporarily suspended in order to avoid breach of industry-wide limits for investment in overseas ETFs till any further communication is received from SEBI / AMFI in this regard.

Subject to the approval of RBI / SEBI and conditions as may be prescribed by them, the Mutual Fund may open one or more foreign currency accounts abroad either directly, or through the custodian/sub-custodian, to facilitate investments and to enter into/deal in forward currency contracts, currency futures, interest rate futures / swaps, currency options for the purpose of hedging the risks of assets of a portfolio or for its efficient management.

GUIDELINES FOR PARTICIPATION IN REPO TRANSACTIONS IN CORPORATE DEBT SECURITIES

The Scheme shall participate in repo transactions in corporate debt securities subject to following guidelines:

1. Category and Credit Rating of Counterparty:

The Scheme will enter into repo transaction only with those counterparties which are rated AA and above and which are approved by Fixed Income team and with whom the Fund has approved credit limits. In case if counterparty has more than one rating from Credit Rating Agencies, then the most conservative publicly available rating would be considered.

2. Eligible Collateral:

The Scheme will participate in repo transactions only in AAA or equivalent rated corporate debt securities and tenure of collateral shall not exceed 5 years residual maturity where the Scheme is lending. For repo transactions where the Scheme is borrowing, collateral rated AA and above will be eligible and no tenor restrictions will apply.

3. Tenor of Repo:

As per the current RBI guidelines, repo in corporate debt securities shall be undertaken for a minimum period of one day and a maximum period of one year.

Accordingly, where the Scheme is lending money in repo transaction, then the tenor of repo shall not exceed a period of one week. For tenor exceeding one week, prior approval of Investment Committee of AMC will be obtained. Where the Scheme is borrowing money in repo transactions, then the tenor of transaction shall not exceed 6 (Six) months.

4. Applicable Hair-Cut:

As per RBI guidelines, Collaterals shall be priced transparently at prevailing market prices, in the first leg of a repo. The price for the second leg shall be the price for the first leg of transaction plus interest.

Currently, RBI circular provides below guidelines on haircut / margins which will be decided either by the clearing house or may be bilaterally agreed upon, in terms of the documentation governing repo transactions:

1. Listed corporate bonds and debentures shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security
2. CPs and CDs shall carry a minimum haircut of 1.5% of market value
3. Securities issued by a local authority shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security.

In terms of RBI guidelines, the repo transactions will be subject to following hair-cuts:

Collateral Type	Minimum Haircut	
	Collateral Residual Maturity upto 1 year	1 year to 5 years
AAA rated debt securities	3%	5%

The above are minimum hair-cut percentages and AMC may apply higher hair-cuts depending upon various factors i.e. residual maturity, counterparty, liquidity of collateral etc.

Note: The above guidelines for counterparty and hair-cuts are applicable only for transaction which are OTC trades. For Electronic Trading Platform ('ETP') and trades reported on Exchange, the guidelines as prescribed by the Exchange shall be applicable.

The Scheme will comply with Para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 with respect to investments in repo in corporate debt securities, as may be amended from time to time.

B. Investment Restrictions

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the seventh schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- 1 The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in the listed or to be listed equity shares or equity related instruments of any company and in listed securities/units of Venture Capital Funds.

The investment in units of Venture Capital Funds will be as per para 12.13 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

- 2 The Mutual Fund under all its scheme shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.

Further, the sponsor of a mutual fund, its associate or group company including the asset management company, through the schemes of the Mutual Fund or otherwise, individually or collectively, directly or indirectly, shall not hold

- a) 10% or more of the share-holding or voting rights in the asset management company or the trustee company of any other mutual fund; or
- b) Representation on the board of the asset management company or the trustee company of any other mutual fund

- 3 All investments by the Scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.

- 4 The Scheme may invest in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

- 5 The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
- i. any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - ii. any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - iii. the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.

- 6 The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.

- 7 Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund is permitted* provided:
- a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price[^] for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and
 - b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

[^]Para 9.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has prescribed the methodology w.r.t. price to be considered for inter-scheme transfers of money market or debt securities.

*The Scheme shall comply with the guidelines provided for inter-scheme transfers as specified in para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

- 8 The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided that the Mutual Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.

Provided further that the Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI.

Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- 9 The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- 10 The Scheme shall adhere to following limits for investments in Debt and Money Market Instruments issued by a single issuer:

Credit Rating	Maximum Limit (% of net assets)
AAA	10
AA (including AA+ and AA-)	8
A (including A+) & below	6

The above limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the Scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit.

Provided that such limits shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills, and Triparty Repo on G-Secs & T-Bills.

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the SEBI.

- 11 The Scheme shall not invest in Unlisted Debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities, other money market instruments and derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by the Scheme for hedging.

Further the Scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the Scheme subject to such conditions and within such timelines as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

- 12 Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

- I. The investment of the Scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of its debt portfolio and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of its debt portfolio:
- Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
 - Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For the purpose of this provision, 'Group' shall have the same meaning as defined in para 12.9.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 or such other meaning as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

- II. Investment limits as mentioned in point no. I shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.
- III. Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

AMC shall ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMC shall initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.

- 13 The Scheme will comply with the following restrictions for trading in exchange traded derivatives, as specified in para 7.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 as may be amended from time to time:

i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index options contracts

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per stock exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index futures contracts

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per stock exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, the Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, Treasury Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts, is defined in the following manner: -

The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund

The scheme-wise position limit / disclosure requirements shall be:

- a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a Mutual Fund shall not exceed the higher of:
 - 1% of the free float market capitalization (in terms of number of shares)
 - or**
 - 5% of the open interest in the derivative contract on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).
- b. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- c. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

In terms of para 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the following additional restrictions shall be applicable to the Scheme w.r.t investment in derivatives:

- i. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, mutual fund, debt, Gold/Silver ETF, derivative positions, REITs, InvITs, repo transactions, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- ii. The Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
- iii. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- iv. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI vide letter dated November 3, 2021 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.
- v. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:
 - a) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.

- b) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point (i).
 - c) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
 - d) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- vi. The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the Scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- vii. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point (i).
- viii. Definition of Exposure in case of Derivative Positions:
Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Option bought	Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts.

- 14 Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines issued by SEBI para 12.16 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 as may be amended from time to time:

The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/ restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits at all points of time:

- i. “Short Term” for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
- iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. Further, the bank in which a scheme has short term deposit will not be allowed to invest in the Scheme till the Scheme has short term deposit with such bank.
- vi. The AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- 15 The Scheme will comply with following exposure limits while participating in repo in corporate debt securities or such other limits as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time:
- a. The gross exposure to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
 - b. Further the amount lent to counter-party under repo transaction in corporate debt securities will be included in single issuer debt instrument limit. Further the amount lent to counter-party under repo transaction in corporate debt securities will be included in single issuer debt instrument limit. However Repo transactions where the settlement is guaranteed by clearing corporation will not be considered for calculating single issuer, sector and group limits.

- c. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, mutual fund, debt, derivative positions, REITs, InvITs, repo transactions, Gold/Silver ETF, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.
 - d. In case the Scheme borrows under repo in corporate debt securities, then such borrowing together with any other borrowing shall not exceed 20% of the net asset of that Scheme and tenor of borrowing shall not exceed six months.
- 16 The Scheme may invest upto 10% of net assets in REITs and InvITs, as permitted by SEBI from time to time subject to the following:
- a. No mutual fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvIT; and
 - b. The scheme shall not invest -
 - i. more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT; and
 - ii. more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT issued by a single issuer.
- 17 The Scheme shall not advance any loans.
- 18 The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holders.

Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 month.

The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

All the investment restrictions will be applicable at the time of making investments.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024:

(i) Type of a Scheme: An open ended scheme investing in Equity, Debt, Gold ETFs / Silver ETFs

(ii) Investment Objective

To generate long-term capital appreciation/income from an actively managed portfolio of multiple asset classes.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

(iii) Investment Pattern

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of net assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	10	80
Debt and Money Market Instruments	10	80
Gold / Silver ETFs	10	50
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10

Rebalancing due to Short Term Defensive Consideration:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations as per para 1.14.1.2.b. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

(iii) Terms of Issue

• **Liquidity provisions:**

The Scheme being open ended, the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the AMC/Trustee reserves the right to list the Units as and when the AMC/Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Scheme.

The Scheme will offer Units for purchase and redemption at Applicable NAV on all Business Days on an ongoing basis commencing not later than 5 Business Days from the date of allotment.

Under normal circumstances, the AMC will transfer redemption or repurchase proceeds within 3 Business Days from the date of acceptance of redemption requests or repurchase at the Official Points of Acceptance.

• **Aggregate fees and expenses**

Please refer to section ‘Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses’.

• **Any safety net or guarantee provided**

The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guaranteed or assured returns.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) there under or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) there under and affect the interests of Unit holders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

Accordingly, after the approval of Trustee Board for changes in fundamental attributes of the Scheme, the proposal will be filed with SEBI seeking its comments. If SEBI does not raise any queries or suggest any modification to the proposal within 21 working days from the date of filing, then the proposal shall be deemed to have been take on record by SEBI.

D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures

Listing and transfer of units	<p>The Scheme being an open-ended Scheme under which the Units are available for Subscription and Redemption on an ongoing basis on all the Business Days, the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.</p> <p>However, the AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to list the Units of the Scheme as and when the AMC/ Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Scheme.</p> <p>There are no restrictions on transfer of Units of the Scheme whether held in Statement of Account (physical) mode or dematerialised mode. Further, the Units held in dematerialized form can be transferred and transmitted in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.</p> <p>Further, additions / deletions of names of Unit holders will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. However, the said provisions will not be applicable in case a person (i.e. a</p>
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	<p>transferee) becomes a holder of the Units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge, then the AMC shall, subject to production of such satisfactory evidence and submission of such documents, proceed to effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units of the Scheme.</p> <p>The said provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of a Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of Units and not transfer.</p>
Dematerialization of units	<p>The Scheme offers option to hold units in electronic (demat) mode. Accordingly, the Units of the Scheme will be available in dematerialized (electronic) form. The option to hold units in electronic (demat) mode is not available for plans/options where the IDCW frequency is less than one month. The applicant intending to hold Units in dematerialized form will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP Name, DP ID and Beneficiary Account Number with the DP at the time of subscribing Units of the Schemes.</p> <p>In case Unit holders do not provide their demat account details or the demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not match with the details with the Depository records, the Units will be allotted in account statement mode provided the application is otherwise complete in all respect. Further, if the Units cannot be allotted in demat mode due to reason that KYC details including IPV is not updated with DP, the Units will be allotted in non-demat mode subject to compliance with necessary KYC provisions and the application is otherwise complete in all respect.</p>
Minimum Target amount	Rs. 20 crores
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	None
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	<p>Under the IDCW option, the Trustees will endeavor to declare the IDCW as per the specified frequencies / periodic intervals, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI Regulations. The amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains. The actual declaration of IDCW and frequency will, inter-alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations and the decisions of the Trustees shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW will be paid regularly.</p> <p>The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change the frequency of declaration of IDCW/record date and to provide for additional frequency of declaration of IDCW.</p> <p>IDCW Distribution Procedure</p> <p>In accordance with para 11.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee in their meeting. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. 2. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date. The record date shall be 2 business days from issue of public notice in at least one English newspaper or in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving IDCW. 4. The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Scheme would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if applicable). 5. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date.

	<p>6. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund.</p>
Allotment	<p>All applicants whose cheques/other payment instruments like pay order, Net banking, NEFT, RTGS, Online Transfer etc. towards purchase of Units have realized will receive a full and firm allotment of Units, provided also the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. The AMC/Trustee retains the sole and absolute discretion to reject any application, subject to SEBI Regulations and circulars issued from time to time. The process of allotment of Units and sending of an allotment confirmation, specifying the number of Units allotted to the applicant by way of e-mail and/or SMS to the applicant's registered e-mail address and/or mobile number will be completed within 5 (five) Business Days from the date of closure of the NFO Period.</p> <p>Applicants under the Scheme will have an option to hold the Units either in physical form (i.e. account statement) or in dematerialized (electronic) form.</p> <p>All Units will rank pari passu, among Units within the same option in the Scheme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of IDCW distributions, if any, as may be declared by the Trustee.</p> <p><u>For Demat Account Holders</u></p> <p>Unit holder who has opted to hold units in electronic (demat) mode will receive an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of e-mail and/ or SMS to the applicant's registered e-mail address and/or mobile number within five business days from the date of closure of the NFO Period.</p> <p>Further, such Unit holder will receive holding/transaction statements directly from his depository participant at such a frequency as may be defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 or regulations made there under or on specific request.</p> <p>The Units allotted will be credited to the DP account of the Unit holder as per the details provided in the application form.</p> <p>When an investor has communicated his/her e-mail address, the Mutual Fund / Registrars are not responsible for email not reaching the investor and for all consequences thereof. The investor shall from time to time intimate the Mutual Fund / its Registrar and Transfer Agents about any changes in the email address.</p> <p>All Units will rank pari passu, among Units within the same option in the Scheme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of IDCW distributions, if any, as may be declared by the Trustee.</p>
Refund	<p>If the Scheme fails to collect the minimum subscription amount of Rs. 20 Crores, the Mutual Fund shall be liable to refund the subscription money (without interest except as provided below) to the applicants.</p> <p>In addition to the above, refund of subscription amount to applicants whose applications are invalid for any reason whatsoever, will commence after the allotment process is completed and will be without incurring any liability whatsoever for interest or other sum.</p> <p>No Interest will be payable on any subscription money refunded within 5 Business Days from the closure of NFO Period. Interest on subscription amount will be payable for the amounts refunded after 5 Business Days from the closure of the New Fund Offer Period at the rate of 15% per annum for the period in excess of 5 Business Days and will be charged to the AMC.</p> <p>Refund orders will be marked "A/c Payee only" and will be made in favour of and be dispatched to the sole / first Applicant, by registered post with acknowledgment due, speed post, courier etc. or by any other mode of payment as authorized by applicant.</p>

<p>Who can invest</p> <p>This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.</p>	<p>The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme (subject to, wherever relevant, purchase of units of mutual funds being permitted under relevant statutory regulations and their respective constitutions):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis; 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta; 3. Minor through parent / legal guardian (minor will be first and sole holder); 4. Partnership Firms in the name of any one of the partner; 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor; 6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; 7. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions; 8. Schemes of other mutual funds registered with SEBI; 9. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds; 10. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis (NRIs or PIOs who are residents of United States of America and Canada cannot apply); 11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions; 12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations; 13. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / Reserve Bank of India; 14. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted; 15. Other schemes of Invesco Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations; 16. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates and 17. Such other individuals / institutions / body corporate etc. as may be decided by the Mutual Fund from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations. <p>Note: Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p> <p>The Fund reserves the right to include new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any</p>
<p>Who cannot invest</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds. 2. United States Person (U.S. Person), corporations and other entities organized under the applicable laws of the United States of America and Residents of Canada as defined under the applicable laws of Canada. 3. Persons residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs). 4. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time. <p>The Fund reserves the right to exclude existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any.</p>
<p>How to Apply and other details</p>	<p>Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.invescomutualfund.com. The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well.</p>

	<p>For details on updated list of Official Points of Acceptance investors are requested to call 1800 209 0007 (toll-free) or contact the AMC branches or log on to our website www.invescomutualfund.com.</p> <p>The AMC has the right to designate additional centre of Registrar as the Official Points of Acceptance during the Ongoing Offer Period and change such centres, as it deems fit.</p> <p>Investors can also subscribe/ redeem the Units of the Scheme through MFSS and/ or NMF-II facility of NSE and BSE StAR MF of BSE and MF Utility facility during ongoing basis.</p> <p>In addition to subscribing Units through submission of application in physical, investor / unit holder can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through our website www.invescomutualfund.com as well as https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/, an electronic platform provided by RTA. The facility to transact in the Scheme is also available through mobile application of RTA i.e. 'KFinKart'.</p> <p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for further details and the instructions.</p> <p>It is mandatory for investors to mention in their application /redemption request, their bank name and account number.</p> <p>Cash Investments Currently, the option to invest in the Scheme through payment mode as Cash is not available.</p> <p>The Trustee to Invesco Mutual Fund reserves the right to change/modify above provisions at a later date.</p>
<p>The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.</p>	<p>Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.</p>
<p>Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.</p>	<p>There are no restrictions on transfer of Units of the Scheme whether held in Statement of Account (physical) mode or dematerialised mode.</p> <p>Pledge of Units The Units under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favour of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), or any other body. The AMC and / or the Registrar will note and record such Pledge of Units. The AMC shall mark a lien only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund/AMC assumes no responsibility thereof.</p> <p>The Pledgor will not be able to redeem Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units.</p> <p>Lien on Units For NRIs, the AMC may mark a lien on Units in case documents which need to be submitted are not given in addition to the application form and before the submission of the redemption request.</p>

	<p>However, the AMC reserves the right to change operational guidelines for lien on Units from time to time.</p> <p>Restriction on Redemption of Units The Trustee may, in the general interest of the Unit holders of the Scheme and when considered appropriate to do so based on unforeseen circumstances / unusual market conditions, impose restriction on redemption of Units. The following requirements will be observed before imposing restriction on redemptions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restrictions may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts the market liquidity or the efficient functioning of the market such as: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Liquidity Issues: When markets at large become illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. ii. Market failures, exchange closure: When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies. iii. Operational Issues: When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems. 2. Restrictions on redemption may be imposed for a period of time not exceeding 10 Business Days in any period of 90 days. 3. Any imposition of restriction on redemption will be with specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustees and the same will be informed to SEBI immediately. 4. When restrictions on redemption is imposed, the following procedure will be applied: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Redemption requests upto Rs. 2 Lacs will not be subject to such restriction. ii. In case of redemption requests above Rs.2 lakh, redemption request upto Rs.2 Lacs will be redeemed without such restrictions and remaining part over and above Rs.2 Lacs will be subject to such restrictions.
<p>Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches</p> <p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<p>For Subscription / purchase/ switch-ins:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In respect of valid application received upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are available for utilization by the respective Scheme(s) before the cut off time i.e. funds are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut off time, the closing NAV of the same Business Day shall be applicable. 2. In respect of valid application received after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are available for utilization by the respective Scheme(s) after the cut off time on the same day i.e. the funds are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) after cut off time on the same day or before the cut-off time of next Business Day, the closing NAV of next Business Day shall be applicable. 3. Irrespective of the time of receipt of application at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance, where funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are available for utilization before the cut off time of any subsequent Business Day i.e. funds are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut off time of any subsequent Business Day, the closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day shall be applicable. <p>For determining the applicable NAV for allotment of units in respect of purchase / switch-in to the Schemes, the following shall be ensured:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Application / switch-in request is received before the applicable cut-off time. ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut-off time.

	<p>iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective Scheme(s).</p> <p>iv. In case of switch transactions from one scheme to another scheme, the allocation shall be in line with the redemption payout.</p> <p>For redemption / repurchases / switch-outs:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> In respect of valid application received at the Official Points of Acceptance upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of the day on which application is received shall be applicable. In respect of valid application received at the Official Points of Acceptance after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of the next Business day shall be applicable. <p>For Switches Valid application for ‘switch-out’ shall be treated as application for Redemption and provisions of the Cut-off Time and the Applicable NAV mentioned in the SID as applicable to Redemption shall be applied to the ‘switch-out’ applications. In case of ‘switch’ transactions from one scheme to another the allocation shall be in line with redemption payouts.</p>
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches	<p>Minimum / Additional Amount for subscription / purchase: Rs 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter</p> <p>For switch-ins (including additional switch-ins): Rs. 1,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 0.01/- thereafter.</p> <p>Minimum Amount for redemption / repurchase / switch-outs: Rs.1,000/- or 0.001 unit or account balance whichever is lower</p> <p>Note – The provisions relating to Minimum Amount (including Additional Application Amount) for subscription / purchase will not be applicable for investments made in the name of Designated Employees of the AMC pursuant to para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on ‘Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes.’</p>
Accounts Statements	<p>The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).</p> <p>A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.</p> <p>Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable.</p> <p>For further details, refer SAI.</p>
Dividend / IDCW	The Dividend / IDCW payments will be transferred to the Unit holders within 7 business days from the record date.
Redemption	<p>Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall despatch / transfer redemption or repurchase proceeds to unitholders within 3 (three) business days from the date of redemption or repurchase.</p> <p>However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide it’s letter no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.</p>

Bank Mandate	<p>In order to protect the interest of Unit holders from fraudulent encashment of cheques, the current SEBI (MF) Regulations, has made it mandatory for investors to mention in their application /redemption request, their bank name and account number.</p> <p>The normal processing time may not be applicable in situations where such details are not provided by Investors / Unit holders. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques and / or any delay / loss in transit.</p> <p>The AMC offers its investors a facility to register multiple bank accounts in a folio. Individuals and HUFs investors can register upto five bank accounts at the folio level and non-individual investors can register upto ten bank accounts at the folio level.</p> <p>Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds will be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor.</p> <p>Please refer to the SAI for more details.</p>
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds / dividend	<p>In case the redemption or repurchase proceeds are not transferred within 3 Business Days from the date of redemption under normal circumstances, the AMC shall pay interest @ 15% p.a. for the period of delay along with redemption or repurchase proceeds. However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide it's letter no. AMFI/ 35P/MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, interest will be payable if the redemption or repurchase proceeds are not transferred within the applicable time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.</p> <p>The IDCW payments will be transferred to the Unit holders within 7 business days from the record date. In case the AMC fails to transfer the IDCW within the above stipulated time it shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit holders at 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.</p> <p>Further, the AMC will not be liable to pay any interest or compensation or any amount otherwise, in case the AMC / Trustee is required to obtain from the investor / Unit holders verification of identity or such other details relating to subscription for units under any applicable law or as may be requested by a regulatory body or any government authority, which may result in delay in processing the application.</p>
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount (IDCW)	<p>The list of name(s) and addresses of investors of the Scheme in whose folios there would be unclaimed redemption/dividend amounts would be made available on our website www.invescomutualfund.com. An investor can obtain details after providing his proper credentials (like PAN, date of birth, etc.) along with other security controls put in place by the AMC. Further, the process for claiming unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts and necessary forms/documents required for the same is also made available on our website.</p> <p>Further, pursuant to para 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on treatment of unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts, redemption/dividend amounts remaining unclaimed based on expiry of payment instruments will be identified on a monthly basis and amounts of unclaimed redemption/dividend would be deployed in the respective Unclaimed Amount Plan(s) as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Invesco India Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Redemption Plan - Below 3 Years ➤ Invesco India Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Dividend Plan - Below 3 Years ➤ Invesco India Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Redemption Plan - Above 3 Years ➤ Invesco India Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Dividend Plan - Above 3 Years <p>Exit load will not be charged in the above-mentioned plans and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of above plans will be capped as per the TER of direct plan of Invesco India Liquid Fund or at 50 bps, whichever is lower.</p> <p>Investors who claim the unclaimed amount during a period of three years from the due date will be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, will be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of third year. After the third</p>

	<p>year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education.</p> <p>For details of characteristics of above Unclaimed Amount Plan(s), investors are requested to refer the Statement of Additional Information available on our website www.invescomutualfund.com.</p>
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	<p>In case of investments by Minor, the minor shall be the sole holder in the account. There shall not be any joint holder with the minor, either as the first holder or as joint holder. The Guardian of the minor should be a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian. The Guardian shall submit the date of birth of the minor alongwith the supporting documents which are mandatory at the time of opening an account.</p> <p>Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian in accordance with the requirements of Para 17.6.1.a of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024. In accordance with Para 17.6.1.aa. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities. Standing instructions like SIP, SWP, STP, IDCW Transfer Plan, etc. in respect of a minor's folio shall be registered / executed only till prior to the date of the minor attaining majority, even if such standing instructions in the mandate form might be for a period beyond that date.</p> <p>Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p>
Any other disclosure in terms of Consolidated Checklist on Standard Observations	There is no minimum balance requirement.

III. Other Details

A. Periodic Disclosures

Portfolio disclosures	<p>The Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme on the website of Mutual Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format as per the timelines given below:</p>											
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Timeline</th> <th>Link to access the portfolio</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Monthly Portfolio (as on the last day of the month)</td> <td>within 10 days from the close of each month</td> <td> <p>AMC: https://invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Complete</p> <p>AMFI: https://www.amfiindia.com/investor-corner/online-center/portfoliodisclosure</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Half Yearly Portfolio (as on 31st March & 30th September)</td> <td>Within 10 days of each half year</td> <td> <p>AMC: https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=HalfYearlyHoldings</p> <p>AMFI: https://www.amfiindia.com/investor-corner/online-center/portfoliodisclosure</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Particulars	Timeline	Link to access the portfolio	Monthly Portfolio (as on the last day of the month)	within 10 days from the close of each month	<p>AMC: https://invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Complete</p> <p>AMFI: https://www.amfiindia.com/investor-corner/online-center/portfoliodisclosure</p>	Half Yearly Portfolio (as on 31 st March & 30 th September)	Within 10 days of each half year	<p>AMC: https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=HalfYearlyHoldings</p> <p>AMFI: https://www.amfiindia.com/investor-corner/online-center/portfoliodisclosure</p>		
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	For further details, kindly refer SAI.				
Unaudited Half yearly results	<p>The soft copy of unaudited half yearly financial results of the Scheme as on March 31 and September 30, each year, will be hosted on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com) and on AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com) within one month from the close of each half year (i.e. on 31st March and on 30th September). The link to access unaudited half yearly scheme financials is as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>AMC Website</td> <td>https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Financials</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AMFI Website</td> <td>https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-data/accounts-data</td> </tr> </table> <p>For further details, kindly refer SAI.</p>	AMC Website	https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Financials	AMFI Website	https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-data/accounts-data
AMC Website	https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Financials				
AMFI Website	https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-data/accounts-data				
Annual Report	<p>The scheme wise annual report and / or abridged summary thereof shall be hosted on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com) and on AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com) within four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year).</p> <p>The link to access Scheme Annual Report is as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>AMC Website</td> <td>https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Financials</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AMFI Website</td> <td>https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-data/accounts-data</td> </tr> </table> <p>For further details, kindly refer SAI.</p>	AMC Website	https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Financials	AMFI Website	https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-data/accounts-data
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AMFI Website	https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-data/accounts-data				
Disclosure of Risk-o-Meter	<p>The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Low Risk 2. Low to Moderate Risk 3. Moderate Risk 4. Moderately High Risk 5. High Risk and 6. Very High Risk <p>The product labelling assigned during the NFO is based on internal assessment of the Scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made. The AMC will evaluate the Risk-o-Meter on a monthly basis and shall disclose the same along with the portfolio disclosure within 10 days from the close of each month on our website www.invescomutualfund.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). Further on an annual basis, the AMC shall disclose the risk level of schemes along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year on our website www.invescomutualfund.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).</p> <p>Any change in the risk-o-meter will be communicated by way of Notice-cum-Addendum uploaded on website of the Mutual Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com) and by way of an email / SMS to the Unit holders of the Scheme.</p>				
Scheme Summary Document (SEBI Letter dated December 28, 2021)	<p>The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme summary document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML). Scheme summary document shall be updated by the AMCs on a monthly basis i.e. by 15th of every month or within 5 working days from the date of change or modification in the scheme information.</p>				

B. Transparency / NAV Disclosure

The Direct Plan under the Scheme will have a separate NAV.

The AMC will calculate the NAVs of the Scheme on daily basis. The AMC shall prominently disclose the NAVs of the Scheme under a separate heading on the website of the Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

Further the Mutual Fund / AMC has extended facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.

C. Transaction Charges and Stamp Duty

Transaction Charges: The AMC has discontinued the payment of transaction charges to distributors effective March 22, 2024. Accordingly, no transaction charges will be deducted from the subscription amount (lumpsum or Systematic Investment Plan) and the full amount of subscription (after deduction of statutory charges, if any) will be invested in the scheme.

Stamp Duty: A stamp duty @ 0.005% of the Transaction Value will be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions i.e. purchases (including switch-in, IDCW reinvestment etc.). The stamp duty will be arrived at using inclusive method of calculation. For applying stamp duty, Transaction Value will be calculated after deducting transaction charges and such other charges as may be applicable from time to time.

Please refer SAI for further details.

D. Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. Taxation

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

The taxability below is on the premise that the mutual fund is neither an equity oriented mutual fund (equity allocation < 65%) nor a specified mutual fund[#] as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.

	Taxability ^{##} in hands of Resident Investors	Mutual Fund
Tax on IDCW*	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil
Capital Gains*		
Long Term	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For redemption before 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 36 months - 20% (with indexation) For redemption on or after 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 24 months - 12.5% (without indexation) 	Nil
Short Term	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil

*plus, applicable surcharge and Health & Education cess.

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors / authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

[#]A specified mutual fund, acquired on or after 1 April 2023, means a mutual fund where $\leq 35\%$ of its total proceeds is invested in equity shares of domestic companies. With effect from 1 April 2025, a specified mutual fund shall mean a mutual fund which invests $>65\%$ of its total proceeds in debt and money market instruments as regulated by Securities and Exchange Board of India, or which invests $\geq 65\%$ of its total proceeds in another specified mutual fund.

^{##}As amended by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2024

F. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

G. List of official points of acceptance

Please click on the link below for List of Official Points of acceptance / investor service centres:

<https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme>

H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

This section shall contain the details of penalties, pending litigation, etc. for the last 5 financial years and where the penalty was more than 5 lakhs by any regulatory authority is as follows:

1. All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed.

Nil

2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.

Nil

3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.

A show cause notice was issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) on August 9, 2023 and was duly responded on October 25, 2023. The Noticees preferred settlement of the matter under SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018, without admitting or denying the findings of facts and conclusions of law. The said matter was resolved and disposed of vide a settlement order dated April 24, 2024, bearing reference number 'SO/AA/MS/2024-25/7496', in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018.

4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.

A civil suit has been filed by an ex-employee of Invesco Asset Management (India) Limited ("AMC") before the High Court of Judicature of Bombay ("Suit"), contesting the termination of his employment by the AMC. The Suit is in the nature of employment litigation and will be defended by the AMC in the regular course.

5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed.

Nil

Please click on the link below to access the real time data on Penalties, Pending Litigations or proceeding etc.: <https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme>

Notes:

1. Any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI (MF) Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Scheme Information Document.
2. The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustees at their Board meeting held on July 4, 2024.

3. The Trustees have certified that Invesco India Multi Asset Allocation Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Invesco Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification to the existing scheme/fund/product.
4. **Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.**

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.
(Investment Manager for Invesco Mutual Fund)**

Place: Mumbai
Dated: October 28, 2024

**Sd/-
Saurabh Nanavati
Chief Executive Officer**